

DIAMOND FROM THE SKY
is one of the most interesting
films ever shown.
DON'T MISS TO SEE IT.
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

THE SERIAL W. NERFUL
is shown at the
WEST END
CINEMA
and is full of common sense
Thrills. Do see the Diamond
from the Sky.

VOL. IV NO. 249

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1916.

ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date	Steamers	Tons	From Aden	Tons
24th Oct.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
25th Oct.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
26th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
27th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
28th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
29th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
30th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
1st Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
2nd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
3rd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
4th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
5th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
6th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
7th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
8th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
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10th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
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13th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
14th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
15th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
16th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
17th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
18th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
19th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
20th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
21st Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
22nd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
23rd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
24th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
25th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
26th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
27th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
28th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
29th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
30th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
31st Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan
transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date	Steamers	Tons	Connecting at Colombo	Tons
24th Oct.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
25th Oct.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
26th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
27th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
28th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
29th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
30th Nov.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
1st Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
2nd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
3rd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
4th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
5th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
6th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
7th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
8th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
9th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
10th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
11th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
12th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
13th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
14th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
15th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
16th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
17th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
18th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
19th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
20th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
21st Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
22nd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
23rd Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
24th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
25th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
26th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
27th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
28th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
29th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
30th Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000
31st Dec.	Arabis	8000	Aden	11000

The steamer marked * is a through sailing from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 23rd October.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination
20th Oct.	Lhasa	Karachi coasting.
21st Oct.	Unera	E. and S. Africa.
22nd Oct.	Linga	Karachi direct extra.
23rd Oct.	Palamcottie	Gulf Extra.

*Or later on arrival of the English Mail steamer.
For accommodation and further information apply to—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents P. & O. and B. I. S. N. Coys,
Nicol Road, Bombay.

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers	Commanders	Departure	Arrival	Departure
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	19th Oct.	19th Oct.	19th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	26th Oct.	26th Oct.	26th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	2nd Nov.	2nd Nov.	2nd Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	9th Nov.	9th Nov.	9th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	16th Nov.	16th Nov.	16th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	23rd Nov.	23rd Nov.	23rd Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	30th Nov.	30th Nov.	30th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	7th Dec.	7th Dec.	7th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	14th Dec.	14th Dec.	14th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	21st Dec.	21st Dec.	21st Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	28th Dec.	28th Dec.	28th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	4th Jan.	4th Jan.	4th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	11th Jan.	11th Jan.	11th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	18th Jan.	18th Jan.	18th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	25th Jan.	25th Jan.	25th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	1st Feb.	1st Feb.	1st Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	8th Feb.	8th Feb.	8th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	15th Feb.	15th Feb.	15th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	22nd Feb.	22nd Feb.	22nd Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	1st Mar.	1st Mar.	1st Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	8th Mar.	8th Mar.	8th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	15th Mar.	15th Mar.	15th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	22nd Mar.	22nd Mar.	22nd Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	29th Mar.	29th Mar.	29th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	5th Apr.	5th Apr.	5th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	12th Apr.	12th Apr.	12th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	19th Apr.	19th Apr.	19th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	26th Apr.	26th Apr.	26th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	3rd May.	3rd May.	3rd May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	10th May.	10th May.	10th May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	17th May.	17th May.	17th May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	24th May.	24th May.	24th May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	31st May.	31st May.	31st May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	7th Jun.	7th Jun.	7th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	14th Jun.	14th Jun.	14th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	21st Jun.	21st Jun.	21st Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	28th Jun.	28th Jun.	28th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	5th Jul.	5th Jul.	5th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	12th Jul.	12th Jul.	12th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	19th Jul.	19th Jul.	19th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	26th Jul.	26th Jul.	26th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	2nd Aug.	2nd Aug.	2nd Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	9th Aug.	9th Aug.	9th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	16th Aug.	16th Aug.	16th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	23rd Aug.	23rd Aug.	23rd Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	30th Aug.	30th Aug.	30th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	6th Sep.	6th Sep.	6th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	13th Sep.	13th Sep.	13th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	20th Sep.	20th Sep.	20th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	27th Sep.	27th Sep.	27th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	4th Oct.	4th Oct.	4th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	11th Oct.	11th Oct.	11th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	18th Oct.	18th Oct.	18th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	25th Oct.	25th Oct.	25th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	1st Nov.	1st Nov.	1st Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	8th Nov.	8th Nov.	8th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	15th Nov.	15th Nov.	15th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	22nd Nov.	22nd Nov.	22nd Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	29th Nov.	29th Nov.	29th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	6th Dec.	6th Dec.	6th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	13th Dec.	13th Dec.	13th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	20th Dec.	20th Dec.	20th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	27th Dec.	27th Dec.	27th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	3rd Jan.	3rd Jan.	3rd Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	10th Jan.	10th Jan.	10th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	17th Jan.	17th Jan.	17th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	24th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	31st Jan.	31st Jan.	31st Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	7th Feb.	7th Feb.	7th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	14th Feb.	14th Feb.	14th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	21st Feb.	21st Feb.	21st Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	28th Feb.	28th Feb.	28th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	5th Mar.	5th Mar.	5th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	12th Mar.	12th Mar.	12th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	19th Mar.	19th Mar.	19th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	26th Mar.	26th Mar.	26th Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	2nd Apr.	2nd Apr.	2nd Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	9th Apr.	9th Apr.	9th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	16th Apr.	16th Apr.	16th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	23rd Apr.	23rd Apr.	23rd Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	30th Apr.	30th Apr.	30th Apr.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	7th May.	7th May.	7th May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	14th May.	14th May.	14th May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	21st May.	21st May.	21st May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	28th May.	28th May.	28th May.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	4th Jun.	4th Jun.	4th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	11th Jun.	11th Jun.	11th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	18th Jun.	18th Jun.	18th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	25th Jun.	25th Jun.	25th Jun.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	2nd Jul.	2nd Jul.	2nd Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	9th Jul.	9th Jul.	9th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	16th Jul.	16th Jul.	16th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	23rd Jul.	23rd Jul.	23rd Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	30th Jul.	30th Jul.	30th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	6th Aug.	6th Aug.	6th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	13th Aug.	13th Aug.	13th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	20th Aug.	20th Aug.	20th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	27th Aug.	27th Aug.	27th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	3rd Sep.	3rd Sep.	3rd Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	10th Sep.	10th Sep.	10th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	17th Sep.	17th Sep.	17th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	24th Sep.	24th Sep.	24th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	1st Oct.	1st Oct.	1st Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	8th Oct.	8th Oct.	8th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	15th Oct.	15th Oct.	15th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	22nd Oct.	22nd Oct.	22nd Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	29th Oct.	29th Oct.	29th Oct.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	5th Nov.	5th Nov.	5th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	12th Nov.	12th Nov.	12th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	19th Nov.	19th Nov.	19th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	26th Nov.	26th Nov.	26th Nov.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	3rd Dec.	3rd Dec.	3rd Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	10th Dec.	10th Dec.	10th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	17th Dec.	17th Dec.	17th Dec.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	24th Dec.	24th Dec.	24th Dec.
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Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	14th Jan.	14th Jan.	14th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	21st Jan.	21st Jan.	21st Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	28th Jan.	28th Jan.	28th Jan.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	4th Feb.	4th Feb.	4th Feb.
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Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	18th Feb.	18th Feb.	18th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	25th Feb.	25th Feb.	25th Feb.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	3rd Mar.	3rd Mar.	3rd Mar.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	10th Mar.	10th Mar.	10th Mar.
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Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	9th Jun.	9th Jun.	9th Jun.
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Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	21st Jul.	21st Jul.	21st Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	28th Jul.	28th Jul.	28th Jul.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	4th Aug.	4th Aug.	4th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	11th Aug.	11th Aug.	11th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	18th Aug.	18th Aug.	18th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	25th Aug.	25th Aug.	25th Aug.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	1st Sep.	1st Sep.	1st Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	8th Sep.	8th Sep.	8th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	15th Sep.	15th Sep.	15th Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	22nd Sep.	22nd Sep.	22nd Sep.
Yokohama Maru	S. Hirata	29th Sep.	29th Sep.	

BUSINESS NOTICES

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE"
Advertisements are charged at the following rates: **WANTED** notices not exceeding twenty words Rs. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. **Advertisements** are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication. Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR.
"Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION
ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaladas Laladas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

ASTROLOGY—Professor Xenobin, the well-known astrologer of 8, Chowringhee Corner, Calcutta, is here on a short visit. Ladies and gentlemen wishing to consult, please call or write to the ORIENT HOTEL, opposite Crawford Market, Room No. 8, Bombay. 5568

WANTED

WANTED—CLOTH SALESMAN for large local Mills. Apply to Box No. 268, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5518

WANTED—A LADY TYPIST (Short-hand not required), pay according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 266, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5513

WANTED—Two Experienced TELEPHONE CLERKS. Apply to Box No. 271, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5523

WANTED—In a Solicitors firm an ENGROSSING CLERK. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 269, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5525

WANTED—A DOCTOR for steamer. Apply personally with testimonials to the PERSIAN GULF STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD., No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort. 5533

WANTED—Matrio failed unemployed HINDU with over two years' business, office experience as fast Typist for permanent post of Rs. 30 with prospects. Full details to Box No. 273, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5534

WANTED—A skilful trained DRILL or GYMNASIUM MASTER for the Alexandra High School Bhopal (C.I.) on Rs. 15 to Rs. 20, according to qualifications. Experienced men, who play at school games will be preferred. Apply to the PRINCIPAL. 5534

WANTED for Bhavnagar ports a PORT OFFICER salary Rs. 175 p.m. Apply to HIS HIGHNESS MAHARAJA SAHEB of BHAVNAGAR, stating age, qualifications and terms and enclosing copies of testimonials before 31st October, 1916. 5600

WANTED—One Second-hand STEAM-ENGINE of about 50 to 60 Indicating Horse Power. Please state type and full particulars with lowest price to MADHOWLAL RUNCORELAL & CO., Ahmedabad. 14th October, 1916. 5508

WANTED—Smart, sound, reliable CLERK for Cotton Firm with thorough knowledge of margin futures accounts to take full charge of department. None but fully experienced cotton clerks need apply. Good salary to a competent man. Write to Box No. 264, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5537

WANTED—For service on the Uganda Railway, British East Africa, RECTORS CHARGEMEN and FITTERS CAPABLE of taking charge as Chargemen (all Goans). Three years' agreement and free quarters and passage. Apply stating nationality, and salary expected, and enclosing copies of testimonials to the AGENTS in India, Uganda Railway, Karachi. 5593

WANTED—For service on the Uganda Railway, British East Africa, ASSISTANT EXAMINERS (all Indians). Three years' agreement. Free passage and quarters. Apply stating nationality, and salary expected, and enclosing copies of testimonials to the AGENTS in India, Uganda Railway, Karachi. 5592

WANTED—For service on the Uganda Railway, British East Africa, CARRIAGE BUILDERS, CARRIAGE EXAMINERS, ASSISTANT CARRIAGE EXAMINERS, RECTORS CHARGEMEN, and CHARGEMEN FITTERS (all Europeans). Three years' agreement and free passage and quarters. Apply, stating Nationality and Salary expected, and enclosing copies of testimonials to the AGENTS in India, Uganda Railway, Karachi. 5591

WANTED

WANTED—A COMPETENT DYER and BLEACHER to take full charge of the Department in an up-country Mill. Apply to Box No. 272, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5529

WANTED—A HINDU ACCOUNTANT, well up in Book-keeping and type-writing. Only experienced men need apply to Mr. D. A. CAMA, Humnum Street, Fort, Salary Rs. 50. 5520

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One WESTINGHOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P., 460 Volts, 960/1100 E. P. M. complete with shunt regulator and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

CLEARANCE SALE OF SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Toilet Soaps, Wines and Provisions, at TREACHER and Co., Ltd., (In Liquidation) British Hotel Lane, Apollo Street. 5501

RARE and old Persian and Indian paintings for sale.

A. K. ESSAJEE, 22, Churchgate Street, Fort. 5331

FOR SALE—1 Strong DISTRICT TONGA (Ahmednagar Pattern), with a pair of hardy ponies (Bay, aged 7 years and 13 hands in height), harness and lights complete, Rs. 500.

Two TENTS—1 large sized, single pole, 30ft. by 16ft., with a central compartment, 16ft. by 16ft. and two bath-rooms, 7ft. by 16ft. each; and 1 SWISS COTTAGE TENT, 15ft. 9in. by 10ft. 4in., Rs. 300.

1 Schiedmayer and Soehne's COTTAGE PIANO, Rs. 500.

Apply to Dr. J. F. D'AMELLO, 5545 98, Cantonment, Belgaum.

TO BE LET

TO LET—Deolali "Camp View" from end of October. Apply Mr. CAMA, c/o "Bombay Chronicle." 5513

TO BE LET—At PANCHGANI for November, December, 1916, a large bungalow with 4 bed rooms, Hall and dining room, with out-houses. Apply to Box No. 270, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5527

TO BE LET—Andheri, Gundowli, MEHTA LODGE, five minutes' drive from Station, six rooms, baths, all-round verandah, out-houses, stables, large compound. Apply to FRAMROZE MEHTA, 91, Meadows Street. 5531

TO BE LET—"BAROMETER VIEW," Lonavla, 'A', 'B' and 'C' bungalows, completely furnished, full accommodation for 3 families, pleasant situation, bracing climate, charming scenery, large compound with beautiful garden only 20 minutes walk from railway station. Rent for each bungalow Rs. 150 per mensem and Rs. 375 for three months. Apply

PHIROZE COOVERJI MISTRY, Daruwala Building, 5516 Baram Street, Grant Road.

PUBLIC NOTICES

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY. (Incorporated in England.)

WEEK-END RETURN TICKETS.

WEDNESDAY, Thursday and Friday the 25th, 26th and 27th October, 1916, being public holidays on account of "Devali," Week-End return Tickets will be issued from Tuesday, the 24th October, 1916, to Monday, the 30th October, 1916, inclusive and will be available for completion of the return journey up to 12 noon on Tuesday, the 31st October, 1916.

In the cases mentioned in paras (a), (b) and (c) at page 99 and foot note page 102 of the Current Coaching Guide, the Week-End Return Tickets will be available for completion of the return journey by the trains and at the times specified on Tuesday, the 31st October, 1916.

J. S. LAMBERT, for General Traffic Manager, Bombay, 11th October, 1916. 262

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

George V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BHAT KALLIANJI DEWARSON, a Merchant, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, deceased.

AMRATILAL CALLIANJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at (Gaiwady one of the sons and next of kin of the above-named deceased. Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Nineteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJJI, Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI, 19th day of September, 1916.

MR. AMRATILAL KALLIANJI, Petitioner in person.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BHAGWAN DAS GOVERDHANDAS of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has consented to sell the undermentioned property to our client, Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 14 K Humnum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the message of dwelling house standing thereon situate at Napean Sea Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement Two thousand and fifty square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue and other land under Old No. 39, New No. 1655, Old Survey No. 26 and New Survey No. 798 and bounded on the East by the property of Jehangir Dubash on the West by the Napean Sea Road, on the North by a private passage beyond which is the property of Vandrawandas Ramji Vora and on the South by the property of Dwarikadas Goverdhandas known as "Napean Grove" which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3284 and Street Nos. 13 and 14 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the vendor.

Dated this 17th day of October, 1916.

MESSRS. MERWANJI KOLA AND CO., 5632 Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT, G. I. P. RY., ETC.

No. 53, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 1225.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

BONA-FIDE-SALE.
AN OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE BRAND NEW SAFES.

AUCTION SALE OF REALLY HIGH CLASS FIRE & BURGLAR RESISTING BENT IRON "TOSH" SAFES FITTED WITH "TOSH" SPECIAL 8 LEVER LOCKS" AND SECRET DRAWERS.

SIZES TO SUIT ALL PURCHASERS.

On THURSDAY the 18th inst. at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction WITHOUT RESERVE and to the HIGHEST BIDDER at their Rooms at Meadows Street, Fort, a regular set of Brand New Safes JUST RECEIVED from the Well-known Safe Manufacturers Messrs. Tosh and Co., consisting of the following Very High Class Fire and Burglar Resisting BENT IRON "TOSH" Safes fitted with "TOSH" SPECIAL 8 LEVER LOCKS" and Secret Contrivanced SOVEREIGN BOX.

1 Iron Safe 38 by 24 by 24.
1 Iron Safe 28 by 22 by 22.
1 Iron Safe 24 by 20 by 18.
1 Iron Safe 22 by 18 by 18.
1 Iron Safe 20 by 16 by 15.
1 Iron Safe 18 by 15 by 15.
1 Iron Safe 15 by 12 by 12.

The above Safes are on view.

Note: "TOSH" is the only "Make" to meet every ingredient of the requirements of an ANXIOUS DEPOSITOR. "TOSH" is the Safe only for Rich Gentry.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.
AUCTION SALE OF A FOUR STORIED BUILDING AT 2ND CARPENTER STREET (NULL BAZAR.)

On MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 4.30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Messrs. Sabnis and Goregaoker, Attorneys for the owner, sell by Public Auction the property more particularly described in the schedule hereunder, on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground tenure together with the message, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon lying and being at Second Carpenter Street, (Null Bazar) outside the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 189 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Old No. 1908, New No. 9042, Old Survey No. 526 and New Survey No. 5272 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward E. No. 6618 Street No. 93-95-97 and bounded on the North by the property of Ahmed Miya Bin Fakumyan Koor, on the South by the property of Damodar Morarji, on the East partly by the property of Aarayana Ramchandrar and partly by the property of Runchod Luxuman and on the West by the 2nd Carpenter Street aforesaid.

Further particulars conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds can be had from Messrs. Sabnis and Goregaoker, Solicitors, at their offices at Meadows Street, Fort, or the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers. Bombay, 18th October, 1916.

PICTURES & PHOTOS

Framed Smartly at the Cheapest Rates

KING & CO.,

Next to Evans Fraser, Hornby Road BOMBAY

BETTER THAN THE BEST

BIKSON'S COFFEE

gives you a drink that's at once fragrant, delicious and better than the Best Taste it

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52, Meadows Street.

SALE TO-MORROW AT 3-30 P. M. (S. T.)

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO ATTORNEYS EXPORT AND IMPORT OFFICES AND PRIVATE PERSONS.

AUCTION SALE of Portable, Visible and Invisible New as well as Slightly used Typewriters of Well-known Standard Makers.

TOMORROW THURSDAY, the 19th October, 1916, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 52 Meadows Street by order of an Office concerned:—

2 Standard visible Fox Typewriters No. 24, latest model foolscap size, unused.

1 Brand new Salter visible typewriter with all the up-to-date improvements.

1 slightly used Titanica typewriter No. 3 running on ball bearings throughout with all the improvements found in any typewriters.

2 Brand new L. C. Smith and Bros. typewriters No. 5 with complete accessories, foolscap size.

2 Bennett Portable Typewriters; best handy machines for travelling.

1 Remington Marathi typewriter quite a new machine.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.) SPECIAL SALE FOR DEVALI HOLIDAYS.

Auction sale of household things including Galichas, Boots, Shoes, one lot of Hosiery Albums, etc., etc.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 18th October, 1916 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., will sell by public auction at their rooms No. 52 Meadows Street by order of well-known merchants who close their partnership business:—

One lot pieces of Galichas of 1½ yds. each. Boots and shoes of well-known makers, one lot hosiery including English silken as well as cotton socks, ladies' and gents' handkerchieves of different sizes, Itonia as well as white handkerchieves, khaki handkerchieves, undershirts, woolen sweaters, towels, braces, shirts of different sizes and designs, soft and stiff collars, Lady's and Gents' kimono, neckties, pithe, felt and hocks hats, Chinese albums for pictures and cards, etc., etc.

The above is on view and will be sold in convenient lots.

GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers. Bombay, 18th October, 1916.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF CHEMICALS.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Messrs. Narotum Gir-dhar and Co. of Jooma Musjid:—

C B C and Co.—21-31—11 cases American chemicals consisting of salol, chloral hydrate, beta naphthal in 1 lb. bottles and 50 ounces codlins.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF ANILINE SALTS.

Under instructions from Messrs. J. Kham-bata and Co., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, on account and risk of Messrs. Am-bal Sarabhai, the following:—

(K. B.)—301/2, 304 equal to 3 casks aniline salts.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO LOVERS OF ART AND PAINTINGS.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Rich Collection of Oil Paintings, Engravings, Water Colours, Photographs, Art Frames, Furniture, Safe, etc.

Under instructions from the mortgagee-in-possession, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 30th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), at "Navsari Building," in the shop occupied by Premier Art Saloon at Hornby Road, Fort.

A large and very valuable rich collection of large full size oil paintings by eminent painters suitable for decorating palaces and large drawing rooms and halls, such as

"The Bayarders" The Prey of the Pirate, "In the Harem Salome," "Sultans Daughters," "Egyptian Dance," "Lady on the Rock," "General Gordon (very rare painting), Bo-lin Nude Photographs, a very valuable collection of Arabian Nights, pictures suitable for library, autotypes, a rich collection of artistic rare water colours, photographes, platino carbons, sets of Natural History pictures, large medium and small Italian Carbons, Indian Views, flower studies, Tuck's Prints, a rich collection of picture post cards, rich Italian cane furniture, artistic rich velvet lined furniture, show cases, cupboards, partitions, one iron safe by Godrej, etc., etc.

The above will be sold either in one lot or in separate lots.

Catalogues will be published and furniture on view 4 days before sale.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their

AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR TO-DAY At 6 p.m. only.
A CALL TO ALL BRITISH SUBJECTS!

H. M. Government Tour of

"BRITAIN PREPARED"
10,000 Feet shown complete.

NOTE—A large percentage of the proceeds paid to the War Office for Military charities.

Royal Opera House
QUEEN OF BOMBAY.
BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.
A HOUSE BUILT WITH THE DISTINCT AIM OF PROVIDING EASE AND COMFORT FOR PATRONS.

AT 6-30 & 9-45 P.M.
MAURICE E. BANDMANN PRESENTS

Dr. WALFORD BODIE

AND HIS
ROYAL MAGNETS.
LAST FEW NIGHTS OF
THE GREAT AND ONLY

DR. WALFORD BODIE
THE MOST MYSTERIOUS MAN ON THE EARTH
THE MODERN MIRACLE WORKER.
Assisted by the original Mlle.

LA BELLA ELECTRA.
The most daring little lady in the world, in their weird and bewildering demonstrations with the

DEADLY ELECTRIC CURRENT.
New and startling sensations
All the Company will appear in new songs and dances.
Dr. Bodie, by special request, will introduce his great ventriloquial sketch

THE LAIRD'S HIGHLAND PARTY
Speaking in no fewer than 12 different and distinct voices. The last word in this art!
Ra. 5,000 CHALLENGE.

Dr. Bodie will pay the above sum to anyone who can prove he does not work this great act entirely on his own and that each and every voice is distinctly his own.

Marvellous cures of the Paralyzed nightly. Two wonderful cures again on Monday night
MUST BE SEEN TO BE BELIEVED.
Advice to cripples free daily from 11-30 to 12-30.

POPULAR PRICES
Ra. 3, Ra. 2, Re. 1, Gallery 8 annas.
PLAN AT ROSE & CO'S.

NOTE—ALL CINEMA PASSES ARE SUSPENDED DURING THESE PERFORMANCES
NO CINEMA TILL FRIDAY.

TO-NIGHT—9 P. M.
FIRE-WALKING PERFORMANCE

NEAR CHOWPATI NEW BANDSTAND
IN AID OF

War Relief Fund.

Prof. Sayed Hussain, Atahi (Burme), will again display his marvellous power over Fire, and send anybody from the audience, irrespective of caste or creed,

THROUGH A TRENCH OF FIRE IN FULL BLAZE
WITHOUT INJURY TO PERSON OR GARMENTS.

Come and experience for yourself
THE THRILLING PASSAGE
OVER LIVE COALS AND FLAMES.

Prices:—Rs. 2, Re. 1, and As. 8.
CHILDREN HALF PRICE.

Tickets can be had at Messrs. Soundy & Co., Church Gate Street, Fort. and at the Fire Exhibition.

Promoter—Mr. Sarrafally Miranoojee.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & Co.—(Contd.)

Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

1 second hand rubber tyre two seated brougham by Stephens and Sons, in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyre palanquin office shigram.

1 10-12 h.p. 4 cylinder, 4 seated, Humber motor car, magneto, torpedo body, in good working order.

1 cow with calf giving 8 seers of milk daily.

By order of the offices concerned and on account and risk of the consignor.

2 handsome strong English built rubber tyre vis-a-vis.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 18th October, 1916.

PARISIAN DAIRY CO. Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table, Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.

LAST THREE DAYS LEFT TO SEE

THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON

THE

CIRCUS OF DEATH

in five reels.

Absolutely the last word in sensationalism

with

The Gaumont Graphics, Nos. 568 & 569

and

AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

and every evening at 9-10 p.m.

Maurice E. Bandman presents the

BANDMAN OPERA CO.

TO-NIGHT, Wednesday 18th

"TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT"

Thursday 19th "GRUMPY"
 Friday 20th "THE ONLY GIRL"
 Saturday 21st "THE CINEMA STAR"
 Monday 23rd "THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME"
 Tuesday 24th "BETTY"
 Wednesday 25th "CHARLIE'S AUNT"

Original Version as played by W. S. PENLEY

Prices, Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.

PLAN NOW OPEN AT ROSE & Co.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE

ROYAL YAKUTI.

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is useless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Guna medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that this is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 50 pills, Rs. 5. Postage extra. No P.A.H. MEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

TRIKAL DARS AINA

Read this advertisement and send a order at once if you wish to "know Present Past and Future." This is the only means to know three times. We have received hundreds of certificates for its wonder. Children, women and men having faith can foresee their thoughts and their results. You easily get the news from your friends and relations from distant foreign countries. Whether a particular thing will happen, what will be the consequences of a particular thing, events of War, Peace, Profit, and Loss, trade, increase and decrease of rates, articles, results of examination, service and such questions are at once satisfied by our "Aina."

WITH POSTAGE AND PACKING.

Big Crystal Aina ... Rs. 6-0-0

Crystal Aina ... Rs. 3-0-0

ASHABHAI YAGJIJI PATIL

POST KARAMSAD,

Via Anand District Kaira

SEARCH LIGHT

POCKET ELECTRIC LAMP

FITTED WITH PERMANENT SWITCH,
 Constructed of best material and finished to the very best style.



Fitted with Dry Batteries and Metallic Filament Powerful Bulbs.

HIGH CLASS LAMP & STOVE DEPOT

Abdul Rehman St. near Market, BOMBAY

M. M. KOPTI & Co.

48, Custom House Road,

Fort-BOMBAY.

All kinds of

MARBLE

AND TILES

MERCHANTS

and

CONTRACTORS.

Apply for Catalogue and Price

List to D. P. No. 20.

WATCHES, CLOCKS etc.,

PRICES IMMENSELY REDUCED

A visit earnestly solicited

KASANJI DAYALJI DESAI

WATCH & CLOCK DEALER,

144, Abdul Rehman Street,

BOMBAY.

WEATHER REPORT

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

The storm in the Bay crossed the south coast yesterday evening and continues to travel westwards. It will probably move into the south Arabian Sea to-day. Rainfall is reported from all stations on the west coast of the Bay and some heavy falls occurred in the south of the Peninsula. Rainfall has been nearly general in Mysore, Konkarn, Malabar, south-east Madras and north Madras coast; local in Upper Burma and Madras Deccan. A few falls also occurred in Lower Burma, Assam and Bengal.

The chief amounts are Tougoo, Mercara and Cuddapath two inches, Mangalore, Cochin and Salem seven, Trivandrum four, Mysore, Tinnevely three, Ottacumund four, Cuddalore five, Calicut, Negapatam, Madras and Gopalpore one and a half, Coimbatore and Nellore one.

Forecast:—Decrease of rainfall in the Peninsula.

FLOODS IN CACHAR.

CROPS SERIOUSLY DAMAGED.

(Associated Press.)

SILCHAR, Oct. 17.

The recent flood in Cachar has affected European capitalists and Indian agriculturists alike. Tea concerns have seriously suffered and the agricultural population are said to be ruined this season. Many villages are still under water and train communication is not yet restored. The Sylhet district is also affected. Villages in the interior have been badly washed away and crops seriously damaged.

Accounts furnished by planters who have recently arrived here from the flooded districts of Assam show that earlier reports were by no means exaggerated. Four or five districts have been more or less inundated but the worst sufferers have been Nowgong and Cachar. In Nowgong forty inches of the country have been swept clear by the overflowing of the river Kopli. The rice crop is destroyed and there has been enormous loss of cattle. The Geological Survey of India is of opinion that the floods are not caused merely by the superabundance of water which had overflowed the river beds.

OBSERVATIONS AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours total of rain Oct. 17th to 18th.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to Oct. 17th.
Colaba (Observatory) ..	0.00	82.72	76.18
St. George's (Hospital) ..			
Planetary (Gokul) ..			
Colaba (J. J. Hospital) ..			

STORM IN THE BAY.

The Port Officer, Bombay, received information yesterday from the Meteorological Department, Simla, to the effect that the storm from the Bay crossing the South Peninsula near Mysore may develop in the south Arabian Sea and give rough weather.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.	
Bombay, 18th Oct. 1916.	
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., 8 p.m. and 10 p.m.	
Barometer corrected to 3' deg. Fahr.	29.768 inch
Temperature of Air	82.7 Deg.
" of Sea Surface	79.1 "
" of Wind	77.9 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.858 "
Extent of cloudy sky	
Cloudy—10	4.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	74.8 "
Minimum	74.8 "
Direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NNE, NW, NW
Force of Wind from midnight to midnight	180 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prime's Dock.

HIGH WATER.				LOW WATER.			
Date.	Hour.	Depth in fathoms.	Direction of Wind.	Date.	Hour.	Depth in fathoms.	Direction of Wind.
Oct. 17	2 50	26 3/4	17	8 45	20 9		
" 18	2 25	24 0	18	8 15	18 2		
" 19	2 35	22 1/2	19	8 11	16 3		
" 20	2 45	20 3/4	20	8 10	14 4		
" 21	2 55	18 3/4	21	8 10	12 5		
" 22	3 05	16 3/4	22	8 10	10 6		
" 23	3 15	14 3/4	23	8 10	8 7		
" 24	3 25	12 3/4	24	8 10	6 8		

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Date.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
" 17 (Tuesday)	6h. 32m.	6h. 15m.
" 18 (Wednesday)	6h. 34m.	6h. 13m.
" 19 (Thursday)	6h. 36m.	6h. 11m.
" 20 (Friday)	6h. 38m.	6h. 9m.

GRAND BONA-FIDE SALE

OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS etc.,

PRICES IMMENSELY REDUCED

A visit earnestly solicited

KASANJI DAYALJI DESAI

WATCH & CLOCK DEALER,

144, Abdul Rehman Street,

BOMBAY.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quarter	1916 Oct. 4, 4h. 40m., 5m. p.m.
Full Moon	" 11, 11h. 51m., 12m. a.m.
Last Quarter	" 19, 10h. 35m., 7m. a.m.
New Moon	" 27, 2h. 7m., 0m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 a.m. on Tuesday, the 17th October 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The weather was generally cloudy in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Night temperature is generally in excess.

The United Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in excess in the extreme north-western and western districts; night temperature is in excess at Cawnpore and Allahabad.

Sind and the northern districts of Rajputana and lightly or moderately cloudy elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in excess in east Rajputana; night temperature is in excess in west Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly or moderately cloudy. Humidity is in excess in Central India west and north Gujarat and normal or in excess elsewhere. Night temperature is above normal in north Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly cloudy. Humidity is normal or in excess. Night temperature is generally above normal.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been local; Ratnagiri has had 0.17 in. and Karwar 0.14 in. Skies are moderately or heavily cloudy.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.22 in. of rain. Skies are heavily cloudy in south Hyderabad and lightly or moderately cloudy elsewhere. The air is generally damper than usual.

General Remarks.—The unsettled conditions in the Bay of Bengal have developed into a storm and advanced inland, the centre being to the south of Bangalore. The associated rainfall has been nearly general in south-east Madras, Mysore and Malabar and local in the Madras and the south Deccan, the Konkan and on the north Madras coast, Cochin and Trivandrum.

Report heavy falls of 6.5 in. and 4.0 in. respectively. Weather has been dry in the north of latitude 18 deg. N. The storm may advance in a northerly direction and pass into the Arabian Sea during the day.

Nearly general rain is likely in Malabar, Mysore and south-east Madras. Local rain in the Madras Deccan and the Konkan and a few showers in the south Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad.

Observations taken at 8 a.m. on Tuesday, the 17th of October 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. Shade.	Temp. Wind.	Humidity.	Rainfall.
Arabian Gulf—				
Aden	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (16th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (17th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (18th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (19th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (20th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (21st Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (22nd Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (23rd Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (24th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (25th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (26th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (27th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (28th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (29th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (30th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (31st Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0

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Do (24th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (25th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (26th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (27th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (28th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (29th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
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Aden	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (16th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (17th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (18th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (19th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (20th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (21st Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (22nd Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (23rd Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (24th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (25th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (26th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (27th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (28th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (29th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (30th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (31st Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0

Observations taken at 8 a.m. on Tuesday, the 17th of October 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. Shade.	Temp. Wind.	Humidity.	Rainfall.
Arabian Gulf—				
Aden	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (16th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (17th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (18th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (19th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
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Do (24th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (25th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (26th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (27th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (28th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (29th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (30th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
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Do (28th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (29th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (30th Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0
Do (31st Oct.)	85.7	74.0	45	0.0

Observations taken at 8 a.m. on Tuesday, the 17th of October 1916.

Bijapur	..	85.0	70.3	82	..	19.7	3.20
Belgaum	..	83.0	7.3	90	0.22	35.12	-6.24
Aurangabad	..	91.7	53.6	64	..	41.03	10.6
Nizamabad(Indur).	..	90.1	72.7	67	..	82.24	-4.9
Hydrabad	..	85.1	72.2	68	..	87.23	11.28
MALABAR AND CENLON							
Malapora	..	74	07.5	95	0	10.47	-8.4
Calicut	..	82.4	74.	86	1.28	9.44	4.0
Cochin	..	82.	7.3	98	0	9.9	10.2
Colombo	..	82.8	7.5	7	0.0	31.60	4.6
MALACCA EXCLUDING MALABAR AND MY-							

MOST SENSATIONAL!

That's what every one who has seen, says about the "CIRCUS OF DEATH"

To those who had the good fortune to witness the "Jockey of Death," we positively declare that the "CIRCUS OF DEATH" surpasses it in every detail.

To those who have not witnessed the "J. of D.," we would only exhort, not to miss this film.

To one and all we say "Come TO-NIGHT to the

OLYMPIA

Cinema, Sandhurst Road, critically see the film and then say whether you enjoyed "such rapturous 90 minutes ever before."

It's an opportunity of a Life-time.

[S. K. N.]

HEALTH IN INDIA

The danger of contracting infectious diseases, malaria, lung trouble, consumption and serious constitutional disorders is far greater when the disease resisting power of the body have been impaired by a period of neglected ill-health. SCOTT'S Emulsion restores health, when ordinary cod liver oil and imitation emulsions fail, because the perfected SCOTT process alone ensures the necessary quality and easy digestibility of each drop of oil taken.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

For Office Salts, &c.

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A. R. Dias and Brothers

(Late of Leach and Weborny)

51, Meadows Street

AND

Lohar Street, Crawford Market,



BE YOU CLUMSY IN LOOK OR SHABBY IN DRESS GIVE US A CALL WITH ALL YOUR DIRTY LINEN AND

we guarantee that you will look like a Smart Gentleman

K. JONES & Co.,
PRINCE BUILDINGS, MEADOWS ST., FORT, THE HOUSE IN BOMBAY
for Cleaning SHIRTS & COLLARS to Perfection.

SMITH MOTOR WHEEL

ADDS LUXURY IN CYCLING MAKES HILL CLIMBING EASY OFFERS ECONOMIC JOURNEY AND IS EASILY

DETACHED OR ATTACHED TO ANY BICYCLE.

ADVANTAGES:

Like other wheels, it does NOT SLIP, nor does it BUMP when riding. It takes curves, with the machine smoothly and well, and gives NO JERK to the rider.

FOR PARTICULARS AND PRICE APPLY TO:-

S. BOYCE & CO., KARACHI.

or

Messrs. D. COWASJI & CO.,

50, FORT STREET, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 7th of Aswin Vadi. 1672. Mahomedan: 17th of Jelhaj 1334. Arai: 8th of Ardibest, 1286. Sunrise: 6h. 34m. Sunset: 6h. 14m. Phase of the Moon: Last Quarter, 19th Oct.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Monthly meeting of Anthropological Society of Bombay: Paper to be read by Mr. S. C. Mitra on "The Uncanny Cat in Asiatic and European Folk-beliefs," Town Hall 8 p.m.
Cercle Litteraire, Bibliotheque Dinshaw Petit: Annual General Meeting 6 p.m. in the Hall of the Cercle, Rope Walk Street, Fort.
Standing Committee Meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Company's play "To-night's the Night," 9-30 p.m. Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manila and Hongkong via Negapatnam will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, October 19.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Company present "Grumpy," 9-30 p.m.
The English mail steamer Nelloze with the outward mails of the 29th ultimo, expected to arrive in Bombay at 7 a.m.

FRIDAY, October 20.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Company present "The Only Girl," 9-30 p.m.
University Examination Results: Preliminary Scientific Examination, Intermediate M. B. B. S. Examination and L. M. & S. Examination, 12-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, October 21.

Auction Sale of Hosiery, Treacher and Company's British Hotel Lane property, 4-30 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Company present "The Cinema Star," 9-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: H. M. Government War films "Britain Prepared" at 8 and Bandman Opera Co. at 9-30.
Royal Opera House: Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10-30 p.m.
New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.D.C., Commanding, Oct. 18.

Orderly N. C. Officer for the week ending 21st October, 1916:—
Sergeant C. H. Hewlette and Lance-Corpl. F. C. Spencer.

Riding School: Riding School daily except Thursday for recruits and members in possession of Remounts 7-15 a.m.

Signalling Class: Heliograph instruction under Major H. J. Wallis (I. A.) on the following days of the week:—
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, Rendezvous, Rajahmundry, 7-15 a.m.

Squadron Parade: The Squadron will parade on Thursday morning next, the 19th instant. Rendezvous, Church Gate Station, 7-15 a.m.

Dress-Drill Order, Khaki Shirts, rifles, swords and bandoliers.

The Route March advertised for Saturday, the 21st instant, is cancelled.

Issue of Arms: Members are requested to draw their arms from Headquarters any day between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Lecture: There will be a lecture on Reconnaissance on Wednesday, 1st November, time will be notified later.

(Sd.) F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd-Lieut., Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel J. S. Wardlaw-Milne, Commanding, Oct. 17.

No. 330—Duties.
Duties for the week commencing Monday, 16th instant:—
Orderly Officer for the ensuing week, Lieut. W. N. Cartland.

Orderly Officer next for duty, Lieut. A. M. Green.

Orderly Sergeant No. 1 Company, Sergt. A. S. White.

Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company, Sergt. V. Y. Smith.

Orderly Sergt. E. B. Company, Sergt. C. Barnes.

No. 331—Parades.
Wednesday, 7 a.m., D. R. F. Specialists and Class at Mahalaxmi Fort under Sergt. W. H. Stubbs.

Thursday, 7 a.m., 15-pr. gun drill at Headquarters.

Friday, 7 a.m., Signalling Class at Church Gate Station.

P. H. RETALLACK, Capt., Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

No. 3 Company, Kirkce.

Battery Drill on Wednesday at 6 p.m.

No. 1 Section on Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

No. 2 Section on Saturdays at 8 a.m.

NOTICES.

A General Meeting of the Corps will be held at Headquarters on Thursday, 19th instant, at 6-45 p.m.

There will be a spoon shoot at Ghat Kopar on the 22nd of October, 1916, commencing at 7-30 a.m. Prizes Rs. 200 and 100 yards.

Trains leave Colaba at 5-50 a.m. and Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

There will be an Officers' Meeting at Headquarters on Thursday next, 19th instant after the General Meeting at 6-45 p.m.

BOMBAY VALUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding, Oct. 18.

Thursdays until further orders. Dress—Drill order.

"E" Cyclist Company—Parade at Headquarters on Thursday at 6-30 p.m.

Motor Cyclist Section parade at Headquarters on Wednesday at 7 a.m.

"F" Company—The Company will parade every Monday and Thursday at 6-15 p.m. at Headquarters. Dress—Drill order with helmets.

"G" Company—Company parades on Thursday, 19th instant, at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana. Dress—Drill order, no tunics.

Recruits will attend the above parades.

Machine Gun Section—The Machine Gun Section will parade at Headquarters, at 7-15 a.m. on Friday, 20th instant.

"J" Company—Company parades.

No. 1 and 2 Sections will attend Section Parades at Headquarters as follows:—
Thursday, morning the 19th instant, at 7-15 a.m. Dress—Drill order (shorts) Rifles to be brought.

No. 3 Section will attend Section Parades at Headquarters as follows:—
Thursday evening, the 19th instant, at 6-30 p.m. Dress—Drill order (shorts) rifles not required.

Recruits Drills—All those who have joined the Company since 1st April, 1916, are requested to parade as follows:—Friday, 20th instant, 7-15 a.m. at Headquarters. Dress—Optional.

(Sd.) H. L. McNEILL, Lieut., Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps Order by Lieut.-Colonel G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding, Poona Volunteer Rifles.

POONA, Oct. 17.
970—Drill and Instruction—Parades for the week ending 21st October, 1916:—
At Headquarters:—
"B" Company, Wednesday, at 7-30 a.m. Drill order.

Buglers, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday at 5-30 p.m.

Machine Gun parade, Tuesday and Saturday at 5 p.m.

1971—Musketry—The Rifle Range will be open for Class firing at 7-30 a.m. daily except Thursdays and Sundays until further orders. Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarters office two days before.

The Camp of Exercise will commence on 19th January, 1917, and all members of the Corps are expected to complete their annual course of Musketry for the current season before that date.

972—Miniature Range—Wednesday, 18th October—Voluntary practice for all N. C. O.s and Volunteers who have not completed their annual course of Musketry for the current season at 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, 2nd-Lieut., Adjutant, Poona Vol. Rifles.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.

By kind permission of the Officers, the String Band of the 1st Batta., B. B. and C. I. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, at Esplanade Band Stand, this evening, commencing at 6 o'clock. Weather permitting.

March—The Children of the Regiment... Fucik
Overture—Emeralda... Hermann
Valse—Drifting... Chloilde
Selection—The Parade... Chloilde
Song—Land of Hope and Glory... E. Elgar
Selection—Half-Past Eight... Rubens
Characteristic Piece—The Coons' Patrol... Lotter
Dance De La Banana... Valverde

THE MAILS.

London, 16th October.—The Bombay Mails were delivered here to-day.

THE YOUNG BHATIA LIBRARY.

The Secretary of the above institution acknowledges with thanks the receipt of Rs. 151 from Seth Pragjee Soorjee in aid of the Library.

ARYA SAMAJ.

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi, Girgaon, this evening at 6 p.m. (B.T.), when Swami Omkar Shiddhanadi will deliver a lecture on "Rebirth and Salvation" in Marathi.

MAILS FOR CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. Malta will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Friday next. Parcel mail for China closes at 6-30 p.m. the same day.

SOUTH INDIAN SOCIAL GATHERING.

A social gathering of the South Indian residents of Bombay will be held in Hira Bag, Girgaon, Back Road, this evening, at 6-30 p.m. when an amateur artist will entertain those present with fine music. All South Indians are requested to attend.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, this evening, at 6 p.m. (S. T.), when a paper on "The Uncanny Cat in Asiatic and European Folk Beliefs," will be read by Mr. Sarat Chandra Mitra.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

These attacks (two imported from Poona and one from Mahuva) and two deaths from plague and one attack (imported from Calcutta) and two deaths from cholera, were reported on Monday. The total mortality from all causes was 83 against 80 on the corresponding day of last year and 78 on that of 1914. Of the 2,123 rats caught nine were found to be infected.

FEMALE EDUCATION FUND.

The Managing Council of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association has decided to make a Diwali collection for its female education fund by organising a Ladies' Volunteer Corps. The first meeting of the volunteers was held on Sunday last at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road. More than 25 ladies were present and Mrs. Malsthai Karve was in the chair. Mr. N. M. Joshi, member of the Servants of India Society, and Mr. T. A. Kulkarni, explained the object of organising a Ladies' Volunteer Corps and the importance of female education fund. Mrs. Chundabai Kulkarni then proposed a vote of thanks to the chair.

RETIREMENT OF RAO BAHADUR PURANDARE.

Rao Bahadur D. R. Purandare retires from Government Service from to-day after over 38 years' service in the Railway Mail Service. He held the post of Superintendent Foreign Mails for 11 years and in appreciation of his valuable services, he was given extensions for five years. His special services in connection with the Delhi Durbar of 1902 and 1911 won for him two silver medals. At a meeting held yesterday at the Royal Mail Service Office was presided over by Mr. F. J. Baker, Inspector-General, R. M. Western Circle, a farewell address enclosed in a silver casket was presented to the Rao Bahadur to which he suitably replied.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.**THEFT FROM THE DOCKS.**

SENTENCE OF SIX WEEKS' IMPRISONMENT.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Gob charged Mahomed Hussain N. India with the theft of a case containing a number of the value of Rs. 120 from the shed of the Prince's Dock. The accused had come about fifteen paces when he was arrested with the case. He was convicted and sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

A STABBING AFFRAY.

ACCUSED GETS ONE YEAR'S HARD LABOUR.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Mayne charged Shaik Waku Shaik Mana with voluntarily stabbing Karim Vail, a coolie, with a penknife. The accused alleged that there was an altercation between him and the complainant and that the latter struck him first and he struck back with a penknife. The accused was convicted and as he had a previous conviction for a similar offence, he was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT OF A PURSE.

OLD OFFENDER GETS 18 MONTHS' HARD LABOUR.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chimanlal charged Laka Gela with theft of a purse containing Rs. 36 in notes and cash from the pocket of the treasurer of the State of Shahapur whilst the latter was walking along Shaik Memon Street on Monday. The accused was convicted and as he had three previous convictions he was sentenced to eighteen months rigorous imprisonment.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.

ACCUSED CONVICTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chimanlal charged Shunker Gajanan with house-breaking by day, and theft by night of an office clock and some books of the collective value of Rs. 5. It was alleged that the accused committed the offence between the 10th and 15th October whilst his brother-in-law Mahadeo Pan-durang was away at Alibag. The accused was convicted and sentenced to a day's imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 15.

DARING THEFT IN A BANK.

OLD OFFENDER HEAVILY SENTENCED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chapman charged Basmal Beg Mahomed with the theft of eleven currency notes of Rs. 1,000 each from the person of Amarnath Narpatsing whilst the latter was at the Bank of India to pay the money into the Bank on behalf of his master. The accused was caught redhanded. He was convicted and as he had several previous convictions he was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment with hard labour, which was to be solitary confinement, and was further ordered to report his place of residence to the Police for a period of three years after his release from jail.

WOMAN JUMPS INTO THE SEA.

VERDICT OF DEATH DURING TEMPORARY INSANITY.

An inquest was held by Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, over the body of Mrs. Caroline DeSouza, a Christian woman, about thirty years of age.

It appeared from the evidence that the deceased was sailing by S. S. Mahanaddi from Karwar to Bombay and on Sunday night while she was seated in the saloon of the vessel seemed very agitated. For some minutes she was standing at the doorway and then jumped into the sea.

The vessel was stopped and her body, discovered after half an hour, was taken to Bombay.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide during temporary insanity.

NAWAB OF CAMBAY MILLS CO. LTD.

An ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Nawab of Cambay Mills Co., Ltd., was held at the Company's office of Cambay on Thursday, the 12th instant, under the Presidency of Mr. K. R. Bomanji, the present Administrator of the Cambay State.

The report of the Directors for the year ending 30th June, showed that the net profit made by the company during the current year was Rs. 81,901 which together with the balance of last years account Rs. 4,231 amounted to Rs. 86,132. The directors recommended the appropriation of the amount as follows: Dividend at Rs. 30 per share, Rs. 399, to be carried to depreciation fund Rs. 35,000, to be carried to preliminary expenses account Rs. 3,000, to be carried forward Rs. 8,282.

The report was adopted. According to rotation the retiring director Mr Chhaganlal Murlidhar was re-elected.

SPEECH REGAINED FOR 8d.

Private Yates, of the Lancashire Regiment, who lost his power of speech through wounds and shock, recovered it at Neath pleasure fair on Saturday, Sept. 16. An attendant on the Seaside Railway gave him the wrong change, whereupon, to his astonishment and that of his friends, he shouted, "I want tempence, not twopence."

Piles
For 7 Years.
ZAM-BUK THE ONLY CURE

Zam-Buk is now recognised as the greatest known remedy for piles and skin disease. Evidence of this is daily accumulating. "For 7 years," writes Mr. W. C. Gibson, "I suffered from bleeding piles, accompanied by acute pain and inflammation. The loss of blood was so great that I became very weak, and was advised to go into a hospital. Although I tried many remedies, I could gain no lasting relief; indeed, I got worse. A friend strongly recommended me to try Zam-Buk, as being the only safe and sure remedy for my complaint. "I therefore got some Zam-Buk, and gave it a thorough trial. From the very first applications Zam-Buk proved beneficial. The bleeding ceased, and the pain and inflammation were completely stopped by this marvellous balm. I am now restored to perfect health."

Zam-Buk

ANÆMIA
(Poorness of Blood)

Iron 'Jelloids'
Machine Made. No Animal Fat.
enrich the blood—renew vitality

The Revd. A. J. Waldron, Vicar of Brixton, says: "I have heard 'about your Iron 'Jelloids' from a Doctor, and have recently had occasion 'to take them. I am strongly of the opinion that if the public realised the fact that they have at hand such a small cost such a pleasant and efficient remedy for Anæmia, and such a splendid tonic for Nerve-strain, etc., many a home would be happier and many a life made brighter.'"

A fortnight's trial (Price 1 Rupee) will convince you.

For Children, Iron 'Jelloids' No. 1 ... price Rs. 1 & 2 Rs. 3-0.
For Women, Iron 'Jelloids' No. 2 ... price Rs. 1 & 2 Rs. 3-12.
For Men, Iron 'Jelloids' (containing Quinine) No. 2A ... price Rs. 1 & 2 Rs. 3-12.
Of all Principal Chemists throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, and The East.
Manufactured only by THE 'JELLOID' CO., 205, City Rd., London, England.

"Ic'Mic" Cooker.

An unique apparatus for Cooking, Baking, Frying, Refrigerating and the like purposes.
Patented by Dr. L. M. Mallick, M.A., M.D.
Simplest mechanism, Any parts separately available.

Cooks several dishes altogether in one hour. No attention necessary, as no scorching or over-boiling possible. Any fuel can be used. Highly economical in the food and fuel. A boon to the sick and the travellers. Best testimonials, certificates, gold medals and prizes obtained.

Prices:—Rs. 10, 15, 22, and 35
Stand extra.
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By G. W. Reynolds in 13 Vols.
Printed in Bold type and on Superior glazed paper.
Original price Rs. 30-0-0.
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Six Vols. at a time price Rs. 3-12-0.
Single Volume Rs. 0-12-0. Postage extra in each case.

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MACRAS.

Storm and Rain-proof
SHADOWLESS LAMPS with latest improvements
For Public Halls, Railways, Streets, Gardens, etc.
From 300 to 2,500 C. P. Light.
Illustrated Price List Free.

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HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL FIAT VEHICLES.

THE USER CERTIFIES:

The Lorries are doing excellent work and have already done some FIFTY THOUSANT ODD MILES with practically NO trouble. They are splendid machines and quite the BEST LORRIES I have had UNDER my charge.

We have other makes of Cars here now, but the results are just the same. FIATS FIRST EVERY TIME.

After Severe Work
On Indifferent Roads.
Ready delivery of 1½ & 3½ Ton Vehicles.
SOLE AGENTS:

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JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.,

Secretaries and Treasurers,

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TONIC SYRUP

Improves appetite and increases body weight.

Rs. 1 a Bottle.

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GROSVENOR ROAD, BOMBAY.

A DROP OF

BIKSON'S OTTO PHULBAHAR

Makes you feel like bathing in the best of scents.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Wednesday, October 18, 1916.

THE FACT TO BE FACED.

For a document of no importance that is a mere impertinence, has been prepared in haste, drafted in ignorance and represents nobody but the persons who signed it the Memorandum on Post-War Reforms presented by the elected members of the Imperial Council to the Viceroy seems to be receiving a great deal more attention from the opponents of an advance in the direction of self-government than we could have expected. However that no one is likely to complain. It is as well to know where we stand, or where the other side stands, and not the least beneficial effect of the publication of this manifesto is that it brings into the open the enemies as well as those who pose as the friends of reform. As regards the former we are in no doubt at all of their position. Nothing has changed in India for them. They stand where they did and where they always will, long after the flowing tide has left them dry and stranded on the sands of ignorant conservatism. All the old shibboleths are trotted out and paraded before a public that we hope has learned to distrust them. It is hardly necessary to waste time over the consideration of such arguments as that, for instance, of "The Statesman" that the scheme has "no more claim to be described as self-government than the system it aspires to replace" because "it only amounts to the old Congress demand that the Government of the country should be handed over wholesale to the classes to which the signatories themselves belong." If we are not going to begin by some sort of scheme which gives effective control to the educated classes as representing the masses of their own people then there can never be any beginning at all, and there could never be any beginning in any country of any democratic system. Before the great Reform Bill of 1832 the Government of England was in the hands chiefly of the parson and squire. The reforms of the nineteenth century gradually admitted the middle classes to a share in the control. If England had been a subject country no doubt a plausible case could have been made out for the better government of the masses by a foreign bureaucracy as the buffer between the classes and the masses, but the masses would probably have preferred government by the classes of their own country, with all its drawbacks to the most perfect kind of government by a foreign bureaucracy. We have got to begin somewhere and if we do not begin by admitting the educated classes to the control on a reasonable basis, representative of the people at large,—and the machinery for such a system is ready to hand,—we cannot begin at all.

However, we know, as we have said, where the enemies of reform stand. It is the friends of reform whose elusive manoeuvres it is difficult to follow. They are full of the most excellent sentiments. They "recognise that the constitution of the country is not fixed and immutable but must expand to meet the changed

conditions of the day." They "desire to meet the natural wish of the people to progress steadily towards the distant goal of full partnership in the Empire" and all the rest of it. But they are so obsessed by the self-conjured dangers of undue haste and the need for cautious progression that the distant goal never seems to become any less distant. Social and economic conditions we are told have not changed nor has racial and religious sectionalism. We are gravely reminded that in one great division of India racial differences springing from religious rivalry are more intense to-day than they have been for a generation. And so on. Here again one wonders how it will ever be possible to make a beginning, if all these things are to loom so largely on the horizon that hides the distant goal. It does not seem to be realised in a faint degree that the cure for most of these things lies in some form of self-government, in some approximation to a democratic system which makes each man politically the equal of his fellow, no matter what his caste, creed or race and welds them all into a homogeneous whole with identical political interests. Mahomedans and Hindus may quarrel over matters of local and sectional importance but they have an incurable habit of agreeing together when they are confronted with political questions that concern them in the larger sense as Indians, as has been incontestably demonstrated time and again within the last few years. Nobody who has studied the changing conditions in India with care and without prejudice can have failed to be impressed by the spirit of national unity which has come to permeate not merely the educated and upper classes but even those of the lower grades. Sectional and class differences are no more an obstacle to a democratic form of government in this country than they have been found to be in countries of the West, where they often enough exist or have existed in an equally acute though varying degree.

We suspect that the Memorandum has taken most of the good people who have been thrown into such a flutter by its publication by surprise. There has been a great deal of loose talk about willingness to consider some sort of political reconstruction in this country after the war, but there has been persistent blindness to the reality of what this must mean. The future of the British connection depends, let it be said frankly, wholly on the extent to which Great Britain can adapt the form of Government to the changing conditions so as to secure the assent and contentment of the people. The alternative to this is discontent, unrest and repression. It is absurd to suppose that you can get at the heart of a country except through the mind of the educated and vocal classes, who know much better the needs of their country and the sentiments of the people than any outsider can possibly hope to know, even if he be the most painstaking and sympathetic bureaucrat. The educated classes of India have made up their minds that the time has come for them to be admitted to such a share and control of the government and administration of the country as is outlined in the scheme put forward by their elected representatives in the Imperial Council. That is the awkward fact that the critics of the Memorandum want to baulk, but the whole hope of the future restfulness and contentment of the country depends on its admission and a frank and honest attempt to meet it squarely and fairly. If it is thrust on one side and an attempt is made to satisfy the claims of India in a niggling spirit, or in the worse spirit represented by the critics of the Anglo-Indian press, it will, as the Memorandum says, "cause bitter disappointment and discontent in the country." A discontented India would be an unfortunate and dangerous legacy of a war waged to vindicate the rights of liberty and freedom.

PENAL REFORM.

The days are gone when the State could look indifferently on its delinquent children and consider its whole duty done if it merely punished them for crimes for which it considered them solely responsible. In the advanced State it has come to be realised that when children, at least commit crimes, they succumb to temptations for the existence of which the State is often as much responsible as they. It is satisfactory that most of the local Governments in this country have also begun to pay increasing attention to the treatment which juvenile offenders deserve at the hands of the State and their claims on it for opportunities of reformation. A noteworthy outcome of this changed attitude as far as our Presidency is concerned is the Borstal Jail at Dharwar. According to the latest report of the Inspector-General of Prisons the class of juveniles in this jail consisted of 98 at the close

of the year 1915, showing an increase of 23 on the preceding year. These juveniles whose ages varied from 15 to 21 were all non-habituals and were sentenced for periods of not less than twelve months.

The idea underlying the scheme of this jail is to teach the juveniles some useful handicrafts that may enable them to earn their living on release. During the year, however, most of the boys were employed on building the new wall of the prison, while only 20 were in the carpentry class, though much less carpentry was done as nine juveniles, including some of the best workmen, were released. A very satisfactory feature of the working of the jail, however, is the improvement in the physique of these adolescents as a result of regular physical exercise. During the year a retired Havildar of the Indian Army was appointed as Chief Head Warden for the juveniles and under his instruction the prisoners have rapidly improved in drill and physical exercises which they now carry out quite well. Parallel and horizontal bars have been put up and Indian club exercises introduced. The result has been an extraordinary improvement in the physique of the adolescents. While this is satisfactory, further development in many other directions is necessary, if the Dharwar Jail is to do the work which the Borstal Jail in England is doing. It is well, therefore, that Government are not unmindful of this fact and have, during the current year, provided for the appointment of a Superintendent, Gujarati teacher, mali, a blacksmith, and a mason instructor.

A practice which cannot be too much condemned is the prolonged detention in jails of under-trials, especially juveniles. It is not unusual easy to fix the blame for this undesirable state of things, whether on the police or the magistracy. But it is obvious that the practice is fraught with terrible results for the victims who are ultimately acquitted. Such detention, as the Inspector-General stated last year, is always a blunder and an evil, but a greater blunder and a greater evil in the case of the young. In the present report he has sub-joined a table showing eighteen cases of juveniles who appear to have been detained as under-trials for lengthy periods. Two glaring instances may be quoted. Two boys of 10 and 13 respectively were detained for one month and fourteen days each before they were brought to trial and ultimately acquitted, and two girls of eighteen were detained for two months and seventeen days and five months and six days before being tried and finally acquitted. It may be added that of the eighteen under-trial juveniles mentioned by the Inspector-General, all of whom were detained for periods extending from one to six months, as many as ten were acquitted after trial. There could be no greater condemnation of the practice than this. Turning to the treatment meted out to prisoners generally, the prevailing impression that one gathers from even a casual perusal of the report is a most depressing one. Harshness seems to be the key-note of the attitude of jail authorities towards the offending human beings entrusted to their charge. As we have stated before the Inspector-General is keenly alive, to the necessity of proper treatment of prisoners. But these notions have not yet permeated the subordinate jail authorities who remain wedded to the iron school of prison discipline. Thus an unduly rigorous enforcement of discipline and the infliction of punishments like flogging or hand-cuffing of prisoners behind or to a staple has unfortunately continued to be the most unsatisfactory feature of jail administration. Marked increase occurred in punishments such as "hand-cuffing and link-fetters," "fetters or hand-cuffing behind or to a staple" and "corporal punishments" which increased from 3,504 to 3,621, 2,598 to 2,925 and 46 to 62 respectively. As regards the increase in corporal punishments the Inspector-General makes some observations which, we trust, Government will see are acted upon by the Superintendents of jails.

"It is an absolute necessity," he says, "that the Superintendent should have the power to flog, but it is a power that should be reserved for cases of assault, mutinous conduct and indecent conduct of the grosser type. For absolute refusal to do work and contumaciously persisting in short work (twenty-three prisoners were flogged for refusal to do work and persisting in short work and one for injuring himself to avoid work.) Flogging should only be resorted to after all other punishments are exhausted."

Divergent views may be held on the question of the discipline to be enforced in prisons, but every effort should be made by the higher authorities to impress upon those in charge of jails that they should not regard these as places of torture where prisoners are sent so that the vengeance of society may be wreaked, but as institutions where they should be given every opportunity to reform themselves—for the ultimate good of themselves and society.

Notes of the Day.

The Situation in Greece.

There seems to be little doubt that the King of Greece and his party were on the eve of perpetrating the culminating act of treachery to the country, when the Allies' ultimatum and assumption of control nipped their scheme in the bud. It will be remembered that King Constantine stated some time ago that he was awaiting the arrival of the date—October 15th,—on which the Germans had promised to send reinforcements to Macedonia before deciding the question of intervention. Apparently he had been befooled into the belief that a German Army would arrive to join hands with the force, which he was engaged in preparing and despatching Thessaly, in an attack on the Allies. So far as one can gather there could not have been the least hope of such a scheme materialising but determination to resist the pressure of Venizelos and to stick to his pro-German attitude had reached the point of fanaticism with the King and he was ready to enter into any enterprise however wild, rather than give way. That the nation at large is absolutely out of sympathy with the policy of the King is established beyond a doubt by the apathy with which the action of the Allies has been received by the population of the Capital and the support of the Venizelist Government elsewhere. It remains to be seen how long the King's present and malodorous position will continue to exist. The Entente have recognised the Provisional Government in Crete. Events are moving rapidly and it may not be many days before the King is forced to abdicate and the Provisional Government is established and recognised throughout Greece.

In Command in Mesopotamia.

Many people in this country, says "The Pioneer," must have been puzzled to read the statement put into Mr. Asquith's mouth by Reuters' Agency to the effect that "General Moore had assumed command of the forces in Mesopotamia on the 28th August." The operations in Mesopotamia are as a matter of fact in charge of General F. S. Maude, formerly of the Coldstream Guards, who in the early stages of the present war added to an already distinguished reputation. He was on the General Staff of the 5th Division from 1912 to 1914 when he was promoted to Brigadier-General and appointed to the command of the 14th Infantry Brigade. Last year he was made Major-General and became commander of the 12th Division. During 1914-15, he was wounded and three times mentioned in despatches, being awarded the C. B. for his services. Before the present war he had seen a good deal of active service in the Sudan and South Africa. He was awarded the D. S. O. for his services in South Africa in 1900. Among the various important appointments he has held are those of Military Secretary to the Governor-General of Canada from 1901 to 1904; Private Secretary to the Secretary of State for War in 1905; and Assistant Director, Territorial Force, from 1909 to 1912. He is fifty-two years old.

The Problem of Freight.

The problem of freight is a problem of ships and any solution of it must be based on the knowledge as to what tonnage is needed for the particular work that the war has rendered necessary and how much British tonnage is on can be made available for that task. And this further makes it necessary to take into account the loss of British ships during the war and the degree to which it has already been made good or can speedily be made good. The "Economist" points out that, whereas in the years 1912 and 1913 respectively British launchings exceeded the casualties by 1,475,601 and 1,737,330 tons, in 1915, the losses exceeded the launchings by 438,468 tons. The same writer estimates the net excess of losses over launchings in the first two years of war at 500,000 tons, which is not at all pessimistic. Besides the loss is to some degree balanced by purchases of foreign ships. In any event, however, it is clear that steps should be taken immediately to increase the mercantile marine so that freights may go down. And Mr. Balfour on the Clyde admitted and emphasised this need.

"Michel, Know Thyself."

The "Lillemor Kriegszeitung," a German newspaper published in Lille for the use of German Western armies and extremely popular among the rank and file,—recently contained the following exhortation, which was perhaps required in order to encourage the halting to go through with the inhuman work of tearing the young girls and children of Northern France from their homes—"Inconveniences" as it is termed:—

"Attention, Michel! To understand is to pardon. But nobody understands, nobody wants to understand our nation, our nation, our efforts to be better, our honesty. From that comes the irreconcilable hostility of the whole world to everything German. Then, my dear Michel, give up the useless and dangerous idea of trying to understand the point of view of your enemies. It isn't in that way that you will form the pitiless character necessary for victory. Give up cleansing yourself from the abominations with which you are charged. Give up the hope of winning the esteem of 'enlightened' enemies. You have no enlightened enemies. Everybody considers you a dirty pig," my dear Michel. You won't change their opinion. Then have the courage to play your part.

"England wants to crush Germany. All your Germany, my dear Michel; and should you hesitate when you have to impose a few inconveniences on the country which you have conquered at the price of the blood of hundreds of thousands of your own kith and kin? It is impossible for us to have an understanding with our enemies this generation or the next."

'BOMBAY CHRONICLE'

APPRECIATION FUND.

PUBLIC SUBSCRIPTION

The Fund has been opened at the suggestion of some of our readers "to mark public appreciation of 'The Bombay Chronicle.'" Subscriptions of any amount are welcome and will be duly acknowledged in our columns.

Present Total Rs. 8,119
Received on Tuesday Rs. 375

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Amount previously acknowledged	7,744
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Sympathiser	1
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Vaidya, Jahverilal and Dulera's admirer	1
B. J. Doctor	1

Total Rs. 8,119

As we have received numerous requests for printed collection forms in connection with this fund these have been printed and can be obtained on application.

THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

INTEREST EVINCED BY NATIVE STATES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 17.

Several of the leading Native States are displaying considerable interest in the Industries Commission and it is understood Sir Thomas Holland will have the opportunity of meeting a number of ruling chiefs at Delhi during the present month and of explaining his views on the possibilities involved in such enquiry.

HINDU-MOSLEM RIOT AVERTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 17.

News has been received that a serious riot was apprehended at Jabulpore on Dasseera day between the Hindus and the Mahomedans, but that it was fortunately averted. The Mahomedans objected to the Hindus beating drums on the public road near the mosques and apprehending trouble the bazars were closed for four days. The authorities have settled the matter amicably and normal condition has been resumed.

GERMANS AND THE SUEZ CANAL.

"A few years before the outbreak of war the German Government acquired 500 Suez Canal shares. Notwithstanding this holding, however, the proposal to prohibit German and Austrian vessels from the use of the waterway for ten years after the cessation of hostilities is under consideration by the directors, the contention being that apart from any question of injury to enemy trade, both Germany and Austria should be punished for inciting the Turks to obstruct or damage the route," says the "Manchester Guardian."

News has been received from Jeddah that the pilgrims has been successfully concluded and the pilgrims after visiting Arafat have all returned in safety to Mecca.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF
TELEGRAMSANGLO-FRENCH
PUSH.VIGOROUS FIGHTING
IN TRANSYLVANIA.STUBBORN BATTLES ON
RUSSIAN FRONTNEW GOVERNMENT IN
CRETE RECOGNISED.

The French penetrated on Sunday night the village of Saily Sallisel and occupied houses along the Bapaume Road as far as the central cross-road.

The enemy counter-attacked and very violent fighting continues.

A military expert in Paris points out that the French left has outflanked the German centre, which is in a dangerous position.

The British advanced on Thursday beyond their front between Flers and Morval and retain several important new positions, though the enemy's counter-attacks have obliged them to fall back from others.

On the Russian front stubborn fighting continues in the region of Kroytnitz, 24 miles west-south-west of Lutsk, and at Zborow, about midway between Tarnopol and Lemberg. South of Dorna Vatra great enemy forces have assumed the offensive.

Vigorous fighting continues on the Transylvanian front, especially at Rucar where the Roumanians have maintained their positions. At Predal the enemy has been driven out of the Polistoca Valley. Reuter is officially informed that the Entente has formally recognised the Provisional Government of Greece in Crete, where alone the question of recognition has yet arisen.

NORMAL SITUATION ON
FRONTIER.GROUNDLESS RUMOURS OF EXTENSIVE
RAIDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

Since the issue of the last communiqué on the subject, the situation on the North-West Frontier has remained normal. The precautionary measures taken would appear to have had the desired effect. The unrest that made itself felt amongst a section of the Mohmands has not spread. There was no unusual excitement on the day of the Id Suha and with the exception of some occasional sniping no disturbances have recently occurred in this or in any other area of the frontier. Rumours of extensive raids in the Peshawar district and of encounters with our troops are entirely without foundation.

FRENCH ENTER SAILLY SALLISEL.

STUBBORN BATTLES ON RUSSIAN FRONT.

VIGOROUS FRENCH
PUSH.SAILLY SALLISEL
PENETRATED.VIOLENT FIGHTING IN
PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 16.

A communiqué says, we penetrated last night the village of Saily Sallisel and occupied houses along the Bapaume road as far as the central cross road. The enemy counter-attacked and very violent fighting continues.

We repulsed German attacks in St. Elou Wood south-east of Belloy-en-Santerre.

GERMAN CENTRE IN DANGER.

OUTFLANKED BY FRENCH LEFT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Oct. 16.

A military expert points out that the French left has outflanked the German centre, which is in a dangerous position. French guns enfilade the ravine and the only road behind Abaincourt towards Hyencourt, by which all German supplies must be brought up and the cross roads further to the rear, where supplies branch off, are also being heavily bombed.

A WOOD CAPTURED SOUTH OF SOMME

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 17.

Last night's communiqué reported great artillery firing on the Somme. Our positions at Saily-Sallisel were consolidated and a small wood was captured between Genemont and Abaincourt. Two eight-guns, one field-gun and 110 prisoners have been captured.

ADVANCE BETWEEN FLERS
AND MORVAL.SEVERAL IMPORTANT NEW POSITIONS
CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters says we advanced on Thursday beyond our front between Flers and Morval.

We retain several important new positions, but fell back from others sometimes as far as, but never behind, the starting point, owing to the fact that the ground was exposed to heavy artillery fire and storm of bullets from concealed machine-guns, also in order to enable our heavy artillery to shell the strong enemy positions without risk of hitting our own men.

German losses are estimated at fully twice ours.

ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES AT
SCHWABEN REDOUBT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 17.

General Haig last night reported: The enemy's losses in last night's attacks at Schwaben Redoubt were exceedingly heavy. Our heavy artillery and trench-mortars carried out organised bombardment of the enemy's lines at Neuville-St-Vaast with good results. Sixty-eight prisoners were taken at Schwaben Redoubt. Our losses were very slight.

Our aeroplanes successfully co-operated with artillery. One hostile battery position was completely destroyed and many others were severely damaged. Bombs were dropped on enemy railway stations and moving transport with excellent effect.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT
IN CRETE.FORMALLY RECOGNISED BY
ENTENTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Reuter is officially informed that the Entente has formally recognised the Provisional Government of Greece in Crete, where alone the question of recognition has yet arisen.

VESSELS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The Russian ship Mercator and the Roumanian ship Bistrizia have been sunk.

STUBBORN FIGHTING
IN VOLHYNIA.ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES
NEAR LUTSK.RENEWED OFFENSIVE IN
BUKOVINA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

A Russian communiqué says, in the region of Kroytnitz, 24 miles west-south-west of Lutsk, the enemy made fierce attacks without success. We took 1,187 prisoners.

South of Dorna Vatra great enemy forces have assumed the offensive.

Stubborn fighting continues in the region of Kroytnitz, 24 miles west-south-west of Lutsk. The enemy, who counter-attacked here with hand grenades, charged with asphyxiating gases, but was repulsed with heavy losses.

Obstinate battles are also proceeding at Zborow, about midway between Tarnopol and Lemberg.

NEW WAR CRIES FOR HUNS

KAISER'S BOASTS ON EASTERN FRONT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 15.

The Kaiser addressing Austrian and German troops in the East said: "When you again attack the enemy let your war cries be 'He shall not break through,' 'He shall be beaten.' Each of you is equal to three or even six of the enemies. The enemy's front will be crushed by the iron wall."

GALLANT DEED IN EAST AFRICA.

WOUNDED MAN CARRIED THREE-
QUARTERS OF A MILE.

The Press Association's special correspondent with General Vanderventer's force in German East Africa writes as follows in a letter from Kondoa Irangi:—

The troops of the South African Horse, under Lieutenant Ruxton, had been on a patrol to the ward, and was coming back after a hard day's work. It had been decided to camp in some bush around which there were no signs of the enemy. On the morning the troop left the bush in two and three, the nature of the country forbidding anything like military formation. There was no sign of the enemy, and both men and officer were going along easily. Suddenly, as they were making for the ridge, a company of Askaris, led by a German, was espied, but the enemy had seen the British first. Our men were not mounted, and were leading their horses. When the Germans (sic) opened fire the animals grew restive, and some broke away.

Lieutenant Ruxton had his horse shot under him, and dismounted to get the saddle off. But another bullet did for his mount altogether. Trooper Kennedy was killed, and the sergeant was wounded. The latter crept into the bush to lie "doggo," knowing full well what it meant to be caught by the enemy. The rest of the troop took refuge in some rocks or in the bush, which was so thick that to enter far was to lose all idea of direction.

Another man, a trooper, was hit by an enemy bullet, and he also got safely into the thick undergrowth, near the wounded sergeant. When out of sight of the enemy he opened fire on some men who, after rifling the body of the dead man, were trying to get the saddle off Lieutenant Ruxton's horse. The result was that the Askaris fled until they came up with a supporting company, which had advanced on hearing the firing. By that time the main body of the troop of horse had set out for camp.

The two wounded men, one hit in the loin and the other in the foot, lay all day until about four o'clock, when the sergeant, who could not walk, asked his companion if he could help him get away. The young trooper thought he could. He carried the heavy sergeant, some 13st., for three-quarters of a mile.

After sundown the sergeant was hidden in the bush, and the trooper went on to camp, which he reached about midnight after an eight miles' walk in more or less pain. Within a very few minutes of his return a rescue party was on its way. The young trooper had left marks to lead those who were going to bring in the helpless sergeant. In the dark they passed by the spot near which he lay, but he dared not hail them, for he did not know they were not Germans. But as they returned he saw them silhouetted against the sky, and knew by the helmets that they were British. A lusty yell brought them to his side, and soon soon he was on a stretcher being borne to camp, well.

TRANSYLVANIAN
FRONT.ROUMANIANS MAINTAIN
POSITIONS.ENEMY DRIVEN OUT OF
POLISTOCA VALLEY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 16.

A Roumanian communiqué shows that there is vigorous fighting on the Transylvanian front especially at Rucar where the Roumanians have maintained their positions.

The communiqué says:—We have repulsed attacks in the Oituz and Buzon Valleys and at Predal where the enemy has been driven out of the Polistoca Valley.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FREIGHTS.

INCREASED RATES CEASE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 16.

It is announced that the increased rates at Lloyd's for Trans-Atlantic voyages have ceased. Saturday's rates were twenty shillings for Atlantic liners as compared with forty shillings formerly.

CHARGE AGAINST REGIMENTAL
COMMANDER.REFUSAL TO HAND OVER AN ACCUSED
SUBALTERN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 17.

Before the Officiating Chief Justice, Mr. V. L. Ethiraj argued an application on behalf of Charles White, a European British subject and a contractor of Bangalore, for the prosecution of Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Johnson, Officer Commanding a regiment at Bangalore, on a charge of misbehaviour under the Army Act.

The facts are that on the 18th September, 1916, the complainant filed a complaint against Lieutenant Heckrodt for the offence of cheating before Mr. Cox, I.C.S., Justice of the Peace at Bangalore, who on the same day issued a bailable warrant for the arrest of Lieutenant Heckrodt. When the warrant was taken by a police officer to Colonel Johnson who was Officer Commanding the regiment in which Lieutenant Heckrodt was in service at the time, Col. Johnson instead of assisting the police officer endorsed on the back of the warrant that he would not allow Lieutenant Heckrodt to be arrested as he was under orders of transfer by the military authorities though Lieutenant Heckrodt was in Bangalore till 10-30 p.m. on the 18th September.

His Lordship ordered a notice to the accused returnable on the 26th instant on which date Mr. White's revision petition previously reported will be also taken up.

TRESPASS AND ASSAULT BY A SOLDIER.

GETS FOUR MONTHS' IMPRISON-
MENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 17.

Justices Oldfield and Sheshagiri Iyer today disposed of the appeal of W. Lloyd, a British soldier at Bangalore against the sentence of four months' rigorous imprisonment passed on him by the District Magistrate of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

The facts of the case are that on the 17th July last the accused got into the compound of a Mahomedan orphanage on Dickinson Road and tried to force open the doors of a hut in which an old woman and the wife of the watchman of the orphanage were sleeping but failed. Little later the Mahomedan women thinking the accused had gone away opened the door intending to go for protection to the watchman. The accused who had been waiting outside tripped the old woman and when she fell sat on her back held by the neck and beat her with a cane on the head. He also beat the watchman who meanwhile came on the scene. Eventually the accused was caught in a neighbouring compound and handed over to the military police. The accused pleaded guilty before the Magistrate but stated that he had no recollection of what happened. The Magistrate sentenced him as stated above.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal holding that the sentence was by no means severe.

TREATMENT OF
GERMAN PRISONERS.

CAMPS IN INDIA.

ADMISSION OF UNJUSTIFIED
COMPLAINTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 14.

During a debate in the Reichstag on the treatment of prisoners, a representative of Government stated that Germany had asked for the abolition of prisoner camps in India. He added, however, that news had been received that part of the complaints against camps were unjustified.

REBELLION IN SUMATRA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 16.

A "Telegraaf" telegram from Weltevreden says that 2,000 rebels attacked for two hours Soerabaja north-west of Moerapoeia, Sumatra.

The Government buildings at Moerapoeia have not been damaged but many houses were plundered and the market-place was burned down.

(Continued from column 6.)

hold the threatened sector had evidently got what our men call "their wind up." Anything that looked like the least like a moving shadow in front of their trenches was showered with bombs and at once riddled with rifle and machine gun bullets. One patrol nevertheless approached to within fifteen yards of the wire. There they were apparently discovered, and three machine-guns and every rifle along the sector opened on them. They only saved themselves by lying flat and motionless until the excitement was over. They could not in consequence get any information about the state of the wire. Later on another patrol managed to get a little closer and found a place where there was a gap twenty yards wide in the wire. Upon receiving this and other reports it was decided to deliver the main attack, and the order to advance was given at 1-5 a.m. Ten minutes later two of the groups of the main body started off, stooping, crawling, pausing to rest, lying down at times, but getting gradually nearer, in spite of the shells and rifle fire to their objective on Machine Gun Hill. The enemy had one field gun and one mountain battery firing from a hill a mile behind their front line, one 4.2 howitzer battery firing from Bogorodica, and one howitzer and one field battery firing across the Vardar from Ghevgeli. Our superiority in artillery was clearly evident.

ENEMY'S FLIGHT.

At two o'clock exactly a fusillade from the hill opposite my observation post swelled suddenly. The crisis of the attack had evidently come. Machine guns spoke all along the line, flares soared up continually, red and green balls of fire shot into the air as signals to the artillery of one side or the other, and rifles were heard here and there. The flashes of shells still lit up the night, though now the guns had lifted on to the hills behind the enemy's main line for barrage fire. This lasted until just after 2-30. Then suddenly came silence. "We have got it," said an officer in my observation post, and he was right, for at 2-40 the report was made that the position had been captured. Machine Gun Hill was ours—not only the front line of trenches but three communication trenches leading back to the next position as well. Nearly all the enemy lying in the parapet had bolted, while the rest, under cover in dug-outs, were bombed or bayoneted out if they would not surrender. While this was going on a party of Germans who had been sent to help to rebuild the destroyed parapets suddenly appeared in the trench, not knowing that it had been taken. They were made prisoners and they brought the total captures to sixty, with nine machine-guns.

At once our men started to organise the newly won trenches for defence. They had all the enemy artillery playing on them, and once during the night the Germans attempted to counter-attack, but were driven back. The hardest time began at daylight, when every enemy battery that could reach Machine Gun Hill started to pound the lost trenches as viciously as we had pounded them the day before. Our long range guns, of course, replied, but the hills prevented one from seeing where their shells burst. From three to six o'clock on Thursday afternoon the bombardment was fiercest. All Thursday night the shelling and fighting went on. While out on ground between the enemy's trenches and our own with a reconnoitring night patrol I heard at about midnight on Thursday a sudden British cheer ring out. A charge was being made, and of all the sounds of those noisy three days of bombardment and attack that burst of hurrahs coming through the night was what stirred one most.

BRITISH ADVANCE IN
BALKANS.

THE FIGHT NEAR MUCKOVO

CAPTURE OF IMPORTANT
EMINENCE.

From a Salonika message sent to London on the 16th September it appears that the principal feature of the British attack on the Bulgarian line where the Vardar crosses the Serbo-Greek frontier was the fight for an eminence called Machine-Gun Hill. There were lesser operations, including the taking of Horseshoe Hill and raids across the Surma early that week, but the capture of this sector of the enemy's main line, which was held by Bulgarians and Germans, and which is known as Machine Gun Hill, was the first action which has been begun with a violent three-day artillery bombardment, and it corresponded in every detail in its execution to a first-class offensive in the West. The final infantry assault took place at night, and in one hour and twenty-five minutes from the time the order to attack was given the whole of the trenches pointed out as the objective of our men were in their possession. The account, referred to, runs:—

Throughout the whole of the 12th and 13th our artillery hammered Machine Gun Hill, the centre of the position we were about to capture. This hill stands at the extreme point of the salient in the enemy's line on the left bank of the Vardar. After coming out towards us in this salient the enemy trenches fall right back to the line of hills stretching away to the Petit Couronne by Doiran Town. It was just north of Muckovo that we attacked, and took the entrenchments forming the arrowhead salient. When you stand at an artillery observation post on the heights behind our front line and look at the enemy trenches you can see the parapets quite plainly across the flat valley. The 12th and 13th were gunners' days—nights, too, for the bang of big howitzers booming among the hills kept one from sleep.

THE ARTILLERY PREPARATION.

Machine Gun Hill, the exclusive object of their efforts, is not particularly conspicuous at a little distance. The French gave it the name "Piton des Mitralleuses." It is just a plain green grass ridge with many brown trench lines on it. But there was no difficulty in picking it out on Tuesday and Wednesday, for all along its short extent of about one thousand yards there were never fewer than two or three columns of oily black or yellow smoke, writhing into the air. Machine Gun Hill was undergoing a bombardment which proportionately was almost as violent as an artillery preparation on the Western front. Certainly, no Bulgar had ever seen anything like it. From every cranny and corner on the hills on our side of the valley, and from obscure places in the plain below, came the thud of discharges from eighteen-pounders up to the biggest guns we have; every piece was at work. There were field guns to smash wire, howitzers to pound trenches, and long-range guns to silence the enemy artillery, which, however, was strangely inactive. There was no uncertainty about this bombardment. Each shell crashed down upon those brown parapets with absolute exactness.

From the hill top where I was, one could see the earth of the smashed entrenchments flying in the air; but, besides the natural observation posts there was a French kite balloon anchored high above our heads from which, with the extraordinarily good glasses, served out to the French balloon officers, the observers were able to see the figures of the Bulgars in their trenches, if, indeed, there were any who were not as deep underground as they could go. English aeroplanes, too, sailed to and fro, keeping station like wild geese above the valley, and when there came a lull in the firing, then as if to relieve the nerve strain on both sides by giving them a little entertainment went through the most remarkable series of tricks in the air between the lines we have ever seen away from a flying ground. The troops facing each other from behind their earthworks were all looking in one direction, fascinated by this pounding of a hilltop into dust. It was the biggest bombardment this age-old battleground of the Balkans has ever known.

At last on the night of the 13th, the infantry attack which was to carry the position began. I went at ten o'clock to my observation post. The bombardment was still going on, but the enemy, realising that all this shelling must be the prelude to an attack, had already begun sending up flares from Machine Gun Hill and "The Dome" next to it. By this time, as I learned later, the right flank guard of the attack had moved out to its position, and strong officer patrols were moving up cautiously through the darkness towards the enemy's wire to see whether it had been smashed sufficiently to make an infantry attack possible. From the left of our position heavy howitzers continued to pound "The Dome."

THE MAIN ATTACK.

At 11-30 a broad band of white light suddenly flashed from the enemy's line, swept about a little, and disappeared. It was their searchlight, with which they were looking for possible attacks. They dared not keep it on too long, or it would have been smashed by shells. By this time patrols sent to the front which was destined to be the main attack reported that the enemy were holding the trenches in force and that there would probably be a strong opposition. The patrols of one body of troops waiting to take part in the assault, though they crawled forward as stealthily as possible, were barely able to reach the enemy's wire, so constant were the flares. The Bulgars and the Germans who were helping them to

(Continued in column 5)

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

LEASE OF LAND AT DADAR FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

An ordinary meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday, the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr presiding.

The Chairman said they had received an application from the Military Authorities for a lease of a plot at Dadar. The authorities had at present a plot at Carnatic Bunder but this did not provide sufficient accommodation. He proposed that the plot applied for be leased to the Military authorities at a nominal rent.

MR. WACHA'S PROTEST AGAINST UNCONSTITUTIONAL PROCEDURE.

The Hon. Mr. D. E. Wacha said it had happened again and again that the Chairman and the Deputy Land Manager first settled things before they were brought before the board. He protested against the unconstitutional procedure. He thought the Board was entitled to a fair rent.

Brigadier General Knight said the matter was brought to the notice of the officials only on Sunday and they perhaps had no time to go through the usual procedure.

The Hon. Mr. Wacha said he did not object to the plot being leased to the Military authorities but he protested against the unconstitutional procedure adopted by the Trust Officials in the matter. He thought they should charge rent equal to 5 p.c. interest on the cost they had incurred on the plot. He moved an amendment accordingly. The amendment was lost and the original proposition was carried.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

IMPROVED REVENUE RECEIPTS.

At a meeting of the Trustees held on the 17th instant, a Note on the Revenue Receipts for the half year ended 30th September, 1916, was submitted, which stated among other things:—

In preparing the Budget estimates for 1916-17 the Trustees were mainly guided by the results attained during the previous complete year of war conditions.

The estimates for 1916-17 were framed in expectation of a year of continuous warfare and on the assumption that available tonnage would not be appreciably less than during the past year.

The gross revenue from all heads (omitting special receipts) was estimated at Rs. 1,11,75,296 or an increase of Rs. 8,46,995 over the estimated revenue of 1915-16, and the gross expenditure (omitting special expenditure to be met from special receipts) was estimated at Rs. 1,39,85,333, giving an anticipated deficit of Rs. 28,10,037. In order to reduce the above deficit to a figure not greatly exceeding that anticipated in the Financial Forecast, the Trustees decided to continue the temporary surtax imposed last year on certain items of revenue by which means it was estimated that an additional revenue of Rs. 13,11,098 would be realized, thereby reducing the budgeted deficit of the year to Rs. 14,98,939.

The Trustees' forecast of the receipts has been more than justified by the actual revenue collections for the half year ending 30th September, 1916.

Under Bunder properties, there is an increase of Rs. 1,63,000 due principally to larger occupations on the Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation area.

Under Railway Department, the receipts show an increase of Rs. 3,64,000 due to the expansion of the Railway and rapid development of traffic.

Under Prince's, Victoria and Alexandra Docks, there is a large increase of Rs. 12,79,000 which is attributable to a partial revival of trade activity, increase of tonnage and expansion of trade with certain non-belligerent countries notably Japan, and also partly to the introduction of the Personal Deposit system of collecting charges, under which outstandings are reduced to a minimum.

Under Mercantile and Hughes Dry Docks, the increase in the number of vessels docked resulted in an increased revenue of Rs. 77,000 for the half year.

DIABETES

Radical and Sure Cure.

A. Appadu Pantulu, DEWAN OF KURUPAM, Via Narasinga Rao, Panthulu, District, CAMP PARVATIPURAM

Messrs. K.P. RAY & J.P. RAY BROS., Benares City.

DEAR SIR,

The specific gravity of my . . . when tested 3 days ago, was 1015 and there was no sugar whatever. If you advise me to continue your medicine, please send me the same medicine or any other. I do not feel weak at all. I feel more energetic than before. Please advise and send me medicine, if necessary. I have recommended your medicine to several of my friends, and in particular to two gentlemen at Chinnole, namely Messrs. A. Narasinga Rao, Pantulu, and J. Venkateswara Sastri. I hope they will get cured also.

Thanking you for your able treatment,

Yours Sincerely,

A. APPADU PANTULU,

DEWAN OF KURUPAM, Via Narasinga Rao, Panthulu, District, CAMP PARVATIPURAM.

Correspondents are requested to quote this paper.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE

ANNUAL INSPECTION OF BOMBAY CORPS.

The annual inspection of the Bombay Corps, St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, took place yesterday at 8 a.m. (S.T.), on the grounds of the Secondary Training College. The inspection was made by Lieutenant Clark, I.A.R.O., Assistant Commissioner, No. 3 District, Empire of India, who after the inspection said:—

"I am very pleased to see so many members of the Parsi and Hindu Divisions on parade this morning for the annual inspection, although it is almost unnecessary, since I have seen so many of the members of both Divisions actually working for the Government since the war started. I have had figures given to me during the last few days which show that the members of the Parsi Division have turned out for duty on 1145 occasions and that the total number of duties performed, was 11,763, the highest being of one member who was on duty on 686 occasions. I am very proud indeed to have been associated with the Bombay Corps, St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, when they have been doing such splendid work. I have received last week a letter from Major Lund, who was formerly your Corps Superintendent, and he tells me that in conversation with one of the most prominent members of the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas in London, he was told that the Head Quarters consider that the work done by the Bombay Corps in handling sick and wounded since the beginning of the war was a masterpiece. I trust that the members of the Bombay Corps will continue to do all in their power to assist Government in the good work which they have already started."

Three cheers for the Assistant Commissioner terminated the inspection.

COSMOPOLITAN DIVISION.

An examination of the Label, Medallion, Voucher and First-Aid Classes organized by the "First-Aid and Nursing Brotherhood" under the auspices of the Bombay Centre, of the St. John Ambulance Association, with Dr. J. A. D'Souza, Professor of Physics, Grant Medical College as lecturer, was conducted by Corps Surgeon W. B. N. Dandekar and Div. Surgeon F. N. Kapadia of the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, on 17th month, and the following candidates are declared successful:—

In Label Examination:—Messrs. C. S. R. Aiyar, H. J. D'Souza, A. B. Homavari, N. P. Kazerani, S. Ragunathan and P. S. Rane. In Medallion Examination:—Messrs. P. B. Doctor and Pratap Narain.

In Voucher Examination:—Messrs. S. A. Ezekiel, M. H. Karandiker, D. M. Kothare and A. S. Saldana.

Senior First-Aid Certificate:—Messrs. E. C. Batiwalla, K. B. Contractor, R. N. Contractor, N. D. Daji, R. M. Dhairyan, E. I. D'Monte, B. K. Enti, N. J. Jahina (B.A.), R. J. Jahina, A. P. Jari, R. M. Kapadia, D. B. Khambhatta, E. D. Khambhatta, G. K. Kothare, M. A. Molvi, A. R. Mulla, T. M. Rangachari (B.A., B.L.), M. J. Rawal and H. F. Rawal.

Junior First-Aid Certificate:—Messrs. M. M. Billimoria, K. B. Baria and V. H. Modi. Members possessing First-Aid Senior Certificate and desirous of joining the Cosmopolitan Division of the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, are requested to see the Div. Superintendent and Secretary, Mr. N. M. Markar of the Cosmopolitan Ambulance Division, at the premises of the Byramji Jijebhai Parsi Charitable Institution, opposite Charni Road Station, Queen's Road, on Sunday, the 22nd instant, at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.).

The Cosmopolitan Division is open for members of all communities.

TRAFALGAR DAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE." Sir,—The anniversary of Trafalgar Day, 1916, finds our Great Empire still engaged in conjunction with its gallant Allies in the greatest War of all time. An enemy who has trampled upon the law of nations, who has violated sacred treaties, who has ruthlessly murdered defenceless non-combatants, who has endeavoured to create civil strife in neutral nations, who has shown no regard for the principles of religion or the dictates of humanity aims at the domination of the world. Between that threatened domination and the freedom of mankind stands the British Fleet.

The Navy League is proud to bear testimony to the magnificent services which the Fleet has performed in safeguarding the interests of its Empire and in contributing so effectively to the prosecution of the War. With the terrible lessons of the struggle before us, in the face of much suffering and widespread sorrow, the historic appeal that "Britain expects every man to do his duty" was never more significant than in these days. The spirit of Nelson, and of Trafalgar, and the memory of those heroes who have given their lives for our country should stir everyone to place, in greater or less degree, their contribution towards the successful prosecution of the War.

It would be peculiarly fitting on the forthcoming anniversary to give universal expression to the appreciation of all our peoples on the victory achieved by the British Fleet in the Jutland Battle, the greatest naval engagement which has taken place since Trafalgar.

The Navy League also desires to emphasise the fact that the celebration of Trafalgar Day, 1916, shall not merely commemorate the great deeds of British naval heroes, but shall equally make acknowledgment of the splendid services of the Allied Fleets in co-operation with the British Fleet in the cause of liberty and humanity.

In the full conviction of the justice of our cause, and with unqualified confidence in the capacity of our Empire and our Allies to crush the enemy, let us in India celebrate Saturday, the 21st instant, in a befitting manner by public meetings, school demonstrations and the decoration of buildings by flags and mottoes.

By such means Trafalgar Day will bring more closely to the hearts and the thoughts of the people of India the real meaning of Sea Power.—Yours, etc.,

A. M. KEITH,

F. G. B. HAWKINS,

Joint Hon. Secretaries, Navy League, Bombay Branch, 16th Oct., 1916.

SECRET OF ADMINISTRATIVE SUCCESS.

SIR H. BUTLER'S EXPERIENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Oct. 17.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in opening the P.W.D. Engineers' Conference at Maymyo yesterday gave the Conference some principles and conditions of work which he found helpful. He said his experience was that hours and hours were wasted in criticism of details which would never mature into real propositions. When a controversy arose he had found it best to lay the case aside, and seek a personal interview for its settlement and he had never regretted acting up to it. His Honour pointed out the secret of administration was to find the right man for any post and then give him a free hand.

Sir Harcourt Butler then dealt at great length on the means of promoting action and proceeded to say that he was confident they had in the people and services in Burma, a material at least equal to that in any other Province in India and he had great and unshakable belief in the future of the Province, if only all official and non-officials of every creed combined with a view to progressive action. He expressed his gratitude to all who had worked with him for their helpfulness to the administration. No man had ever been better served than he had been since he came as a stranger to Burma. He was glad to meet them all and hoped that the conference would be a success.

MOTOR ACCIDENT IN CALCUTTA.

EUROPEAN VOLUNTEER INJURED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17.

Another European was injured in a collision between a motor cycle and motor car yesterday. Mr. H. A. Plumer of the Calcutta Port Defence Volunteers left home yesterday on his motor cycle to attend drill near the Fort. On nearing Dufferin statue he crossed the road, when a motor car which was noticed proceeding at a high speed dashed into him. He was unseated and hurled some four or five feet along the road. His right knee and arm were badly cut and he also received other injuries. He was removed to the hospital where the wounds were stitched.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A MOTOR.

OFFICER OF THE ZOROASTRIAN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Oct. 17.

Mr. J. H. Otooole, Second Officer of the wrecked steamer Zoroastrian, was removed to hospital yesterday in critical condition with serious injuries to his legs as a result of having been knocked down and run over by a motor car. Mr. Otooole was crossing the Strand Road from the General Post Office when the motor car which is owned by a Chinese Company and was driven by an Indian dashed into and ran over him. He was lying for over an hour and half on the road before the ambulance arrived and he was removed to the hospital. The right thigh was found broken. Injuries across his body where the wheel of the car passed and several less severe injuries were discovered. The driver of the motor car has been charged with rash driving.

LECTURES AT BIJAPUR.

(From a Correspondent.)

BIJAPUR, Oct. 17.

Mr. G. K. Doodhar, of the Servants of India Society, visited Bijapur at the invitation of the organizers of a lecture series and delivered three lectures. On Sunday before a large gathering he spoke in Marathi on agricultural indebtedness in India and how to reduce it. On Monday afternoon he was specially desired to address a meeting of ladies, first of its kind in Bijapur, on the subject of female education in India and the Serva Sadan movement. In the evening he spoke on the subject of illiteracy in India and how to remove it before a large audience. A large number of ladies attended this lecture. Mr. Doodhar succeeded in producing a great deal of enthusiasm for good work among the educated young men of this place and he has been specially requested to visit Bijapur soon again.

FRUITARIAN BABY.

THE "CHERRY BRIDE'S" BONNY BOY

A baby boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Shearn, the fruitarians, whose vegetarian wedding in May 1914 attracted some attention.

The marriage took place at St. Giles's-in-the-Fields, Shaftesbury-avenue, London, and the guests included many prominent food reformers. Mrs. Shearn was known as "the Cherry Bride." She wore a row of red cherries in her hair, and instead of flowers the little girls who acted as bridesmaids carried baskets of luscious grapes and peaches.

Mr. Shearn owns large fruiterer's and restaurant establishments in London, and he and his wife have been fruitarians for years. Their baby weighed eight pounds and is described as "remarkably bonny" and an admirable disproof of "the fallacy that a meat diet is essential to the future physique of the race."

SOLDIERS' TALES OF THE TANKS.

GERMANS ASTRIDE A "MONSTER."

A large convoy of soldiers arrived in London on Sept. 18, with stirring stories of the tanks in action. They brought with them several more names for these monsters.

The Canadians, for instance, call the armoured cars the "Land Navy," men in the Yorkshire and Lancashire regiments refer to them as the "New Infantry," and one remarked in passing that "the next time I join the Army I am for the 'New Infantry.'" The most favoured name, however, is "The Caterpillar." "Kelly's Eye" was another pet-name, reminiscent of the card game the soldier plays in the trenches. "Kelly's Eye" may be likened to the ace of trumps.

Lance-Corporal Bletcher, of a Yorkshire regiment, said that he had been in France twenty-two months and in the Somme offensive since July 1, but never before had he seen such keenness among the men to go over the top. "We all wanted to see Fritz in a real fright—and I think we all got our fill of that."

"I advanced with my platoon behind a 'Caterpillar,' taking cover. At one point it got into three shell holes which made one big pit. The ground was soft and slushy. It squirmed one way and then another, tried to back-pedal and then made a sidle-slip. All the while machine-gun bullets were flicking off its hide, squirting little blue flames. Then a 'whizz bang' bounced off its head like a tennis ball—and six of us lay in a shell hole slantwise, and couldn't go on for laughing till we cried."

"We advanced about 800 yards behind this one, and the men kept calling out 'Kelly's Eye' every time we saw a German. One 'caterpillar' accounted for a great many Germans. In the High-street of Fiers Germans ran out of the battered houses and flung bombs at another 'Caterpillar'; the bombs laid out some Germans and the 'caterpillar's' guns ate up the rest."

THROUGH A HOUSE.

Private Halford, of a London regiment, got wounded in the German fifth line. "I saw a 'caterpillar,'" he said, "go clean through a house. Later it had five more ahead. It just went on till it came to the first tree, a foot in diameter. The tree stood for a few seconds, went slantwise, and just toppled over, and the caterpillar went on. It would have taken three shells, hitting that tree, to have flattened it as that 'caterpillar' did."

"I never saw Germans so scared to death before. A Bavarian sergeant told me that all the Saxons and Bavarians would give in when they saw the new wibbly-wobbly. A shell hit one 'caterpillar' which got hung up for a time but continued firing, and during the night the damage was repaired and it was in action again next morning."

"The infantry never had such a 'soft number' in going over the top. All the German machine guns were concentrated on the things, and we got a very light passage."

This man did not agree with his comrade whose platoon advanced under cover of a 'caterpillar.' "I found it best to give them as wide a berth as possible because where they were there the fire was hottest. Later on in the fight our 'caterpillar' struck a little gold mine. Germans were massed for a counter-attack when the 'caterpillar' came along, reared up its nose, took in the situation and turned on its right and left. The Germans flung a few bombs, but they went down like ripe corn."

"GERMANS ON ITS BACK." A Canadian sergeant-major stated that near the fifth German line one of the "Land Navy" got stuck up momentarily. "I had to laugh," he said, "for there were Germans clambering upon its back and trying to find the doors. Then suddenly it began to move again with the Germans sitting astride. One by one they tumbled off—and the 'elephant' just went on."

"One of the crew of a 'caterpillar' had a narrow escape," said another Londoner. "Prisoners were coming forward in large batches and one of the men from inside hopped out to tell the infantry as they approached. He was wearing what looked like a German helmet, blue dungarees, and a khaki tunic. I saw him stoop down to a wounded man, put his revolver on the ground beside him, and begin to bandage the wounded fellow's head."

"A man in my platoon picked up the revolver and another pointed his rifle at him. 'What's the game?' said the 'caterpillar's' man. He was such a queer mixture that our fellows wouldn't believe his yarn till he fetched out his pay-book. Then he got his revolver back."

THE ROMANCE OF TWO DANCERS.

TALE OF THREE CAPITALS OF THE WAR

An interesting story of two women dancers and their experiences during the war was told on Sept. 19, at Bow-street Police Court.

A young and attractive woman of 21, named Crafty Mattoni, described as a German subject, was charged with giving false information at an hotel, and Ethel Margaret Naylor, 30, independent, of Great Russell-mansions, was charged with aiding and abetting her. Mattoni was further charged with being in possession of a false passport.

So far the story was quite ordinary, but Mr. B. D. Muir, for the defence, gave some quite romantic details. He stated that Mrs. Naylor was a widow, and by profession a dancer. In 1911, while engaged at Bucharest, she met Mattoni, then 16 years of age, and also a dancer.

From that time they had been sisters in everything except blood. They both adopted Mrs. Naylor's maiden name of MacLachlan, and appeared on the stage in many Continental cities as "Ray and Trixie Elwood, the English dancers." When war broke out they were in Constantinople,

BISHOP OF LONDON'S PLAIN TALK.

WAR-TIME MORALS.

The Bishop of London, continuing his campaign in the interests of public morality, delivered a scathing address from the pulpit outside St. James's Church, Piccadilly, on September 21.

"What I have come out to denounce," he said, "are the villains, more mischievous than German spies, who often share their fate, who lie in wait to stain the chivalry of our boys, poison their minds, and undermine their characters."

"For instance, what are we to say to the male hawks who walk up and down this very Piccadilly night by night, with an army of helpless and trembling girls under their surveillance, and who take from them the very money the girls earn by their shame? I am not a blood-thirsty man, but I say shooting is too good for them."

"Side by side with the male hawk as a traitor to his country," continued the Bishop, "should be dealt with the writer of lecherous and slimy plays. He has the insolence to try to make money out of the weaknesses of our boys. God knows in the heyday of their youth they do not always find it easy to keep straight; these devils deliberately try to make it harder."

"I agree absolutely with that great soldier, Sir H. Smith-Dorrien, who, I hope, will soon be found in the place he deserves in the fighting line, that the soldiers do not want these filthy innuendoes. But I would like to see effectively dealt with the writers who have the insolence to think they do, and the managers who hope to make money by the production of their plays."

"Then the conduct in our open spaces at certain times is at present a disgrace to London. We are proud of our parks in London but they are not open at great expense to be open-air disorderly places at certain times in the evening. That, by the sixteen pages of evidence which I am handling the authorities, and which I will not foul your minds by reading, they are rapidly becoming."

"BEFORE THE BOYS COME BACK." "It is the business of us middle-aged men, who are not allowed to fight, and the women of London, to purge the heart of the Empire before the boys come back. If it is to be still the old London, those who have died will have died in vain."

But the moral change required in London, continued the Bishop, went far deeper than punishing the wrongdoer and making vice more difficult. A change of mind and spirit was required. The whole of the attitude that vice was inevitable was founded on a series of lies. The first lie was that the method of compromising with vice by the C.D. Act attained its object.

The second lie was that it injured the health to remain strictly moral, and the third was that it was impossible and too much to expect a young man to live a moral life. As regards the second lie, he published at one time, and could publish again, the opinion of one hundred of London's leading surgeons and doctors to the contrary effect.

BROTHERHOOD COMING.

DR. CLIFFORD ON THE NEW WORLD AFTER THE WAR.

"We have now solid guarantees that we have actually crossed the ridge of the conflict and are marching to victory," said Dr. Clifford in his induction address at the annual conference of the National Brotherhood Council of England and Wales at Whitefield's Tabernacle on September 19.

The initiative had been wrested from the enemy, and would never go back. Nemesis dogged every step of the creators of this unparalleled war. Peace was not yet here, but she was waiting with wide-open eyes and eager spirit.

"We are, just now," continued Dr. Clifford, "between two worlds, one dead and the other not able to come to the birth; but it is coming. It will not only be a new, but a greater world than any man ever knew. Great changes will be demanded in our religion, but those changes will be along the Brotherhood lines."

"Capital and labour must come together and share with complete fairness both the distribution of wealth and the control of the processes by which it is produced. We have to do battle with the drink trade and save the drink victim. The deadliest foe of Brotherhood is the drink. We must stand for such terms of settlement as will make another war improbable and impossible."

Mr. Arthur Henderson, M.P., in proposing that the Rev. Tom Sykes, of Newcastle, be appointed full-time secretary for five years to lead and direct the movement, said that during the next five years not only the movement but the nation would be on its trial as never before. "Unless the nation demonstrates by getting nearer to the ideal that the supreme sacrifices that are being made have been made to some purpose that will be revealed to us in the whole life of the nation, then the sacrifices will have been in vain."

Mr. Sykes said his appointment would be conditional on the Primitive Methodist Church releasing him for five years.

and remained there until April 1915, when Mrs. Naylor came to England.

Later, Mattoni got away from Constantinople with an American passport and went to Athens, and there obtained from the British Minister a passport in the name of MacLachlan, with which she travelled to this country.

There was no suggestion that either of the defendants had any ulterior motive, and although Mattoni happened to have been born in Germany, her father was an Italian and she was, therefore, an Italian subject.

Mattoni was fined £25, with 25 sh. costs, and Naylor was fined £10.

WOMEN AS WEALTH PRODUCERS.

A PLEA FOR POLITICAL ENFRANCHISEMENT.

"Women have found their level in the modern world—the level of human equality with men. And men have found their level of equality, and have not hesitated to admit it," says Mrs. Petrick Lawrence in "Votes for Women."

"Hence arises the demand of a reawakened and reunited democracy for the political enfranchisement of all men and women. Can the actual revolution that has already taken place in popular thought and in national custom be translated into the political arena by the enactment in the immediate future of a comprehensive measure of franchise reform, which will give the vote to all adult women and men? Upon the answer to this question depends the social and industrial welfare of the population of this country."

"It is absolutely essential in the interests of men of the industrial classes, as well as in the interests of women themselves, that women gain their enfranchisement before the period sets in of reconstruction after the war. For, if the enfranchisement of women be delayed, even for a few years, the same irretrievable mistake from the point of view of the workers will be made as was made at the close of the Napoleonic war."

"A hundred years ago machinery was a wealth-producing power was discovered. Machinery was utilised to make good the destruction that the war had wrought. But the wealth made of machinery was not inherited by the masses of the people, but was turned into a new means for their enslavement. The discovery of women as a wealth-producing power is as great a portent for the human race as was the discovery of machinery. The workers tried to limit the application of machinery to industry. But they failed. They will fail to limit the application of this discovery of women. You cannot put back the hands of the clock. You cannot repress power that has once been evolved."

"But a united democracy can use all wealth-producing power, and all wealth, in the interests of the whole community, and for the advancement of the whole human race. The opportunity which now offers itself to a united democracy is the demand for the enfranchisement of all men and women. It is an opportunity which should be seized by all democrats, all lovers of their country, and all well-wishers of the human race."

RUINED BY CAT HOBBY.

OLD LADY WHO KEPT 100 AND PAID £50 FOR SINGLE ONE.

At a Lewisham inquest in mail week, on Miss Jane Derby-Hyde, aged sixty-eight, the evidence showed that she had a weakness for keeping cats, and had brought herself to penury through keeping so many. Edward George Burns, described as an "animal specialist," said he had known Miss Derby-Hyde since 1901, when she was rather well off. Cats, he was afraid, had been her ruin. She had been involved in heavy expenses by them, and he had known her to have as many as 100 cats at once.

Many were very beautiful, and she possessed some of the finest prize-winners in the world. She had taken very valuable prizes and medals all over the world, and he had known her give £40 or £50 for a single cat. At last her money came to an end.

It was shown that she died suddenly in the street while on the way to a kiteman, and a verdict of Natural Causes was returned.

GAMBLING BY POST.

NO MORE BRITISH MONEY FOR FOREIGN LOTTERIES.

Discussing the recent British War Office order prohibiting correspondence with bookmakers, lottery agencies, fortune-tellers, and pseudo-scientific institutions on the Continent, an official at the London General Post Office stated that shortly after the war the general business between Great Britain and Continental commission agents was discontinued and lately all the betting postal business from Great Britain has been confined to Lucerne.

"The new order is directed not so much against racing bets with agents in neutral countries as against other agencies specified in the list. Although betting on horse races declined with the restriction of the sports in this country, rather speculative correspondence was not discontinued. Lottery agencies especially being largely patronised. For a long time these communications have been suspected by the authorities. They are now prohibited."

A prominent Turf commission agent, questioned about Continental commissions on horse-racing, said: "One large firm has kept the business going in Switzerland, but that business has been stopped by the new order."

DIWALI AND THE WAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE." Sir,—Will it be out of place if I suggest my Hindoo brethren and sisters through your esteemed paper to write ordinary letters to convey congratulations and greetings on Diwali and New Year Day to friends and remit the savings to some fund in aid of soldiers wounded in the great war.—Yours, etc., N.

The police all over England are summoning motor-cyclists driving machines to which a cut out is fitted. These prosecutions are quite wrong (remarks "Motor Cycling"). One can only be fined for driving a machine, which is excessively noisy.

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CASUALTY LIST.

(REPUTED'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The following casualties are announced:-

KILLED.

Second-Lieut. A. D. Beebe, Berkshire.
Second-Lieut. E. N. Bewick, Durham L. I.
Second-Lieut. F. K. Bliss, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. J. Busby, South Stafford.
Lieut. Col. W. Drysdale, Royal Scots.
Lieut. E. Forrest, North Lancashire.
Second-Lieut. C. S. Howard, Bedford.
Second-Lieut. C. G. T. Hoyt, Leinster.
Second-Lieut. A. N. Hughes, Dorset.
Second-Lieut. D. Huxton, Bedford.
Second-Lieut. J. H. Ingersoll, Lincoln.
Second-Lieut. J. T. Johnstone, Border Regiment.

Second-Lieut. C. H. M. King, Flying Corps.
Captain T. A. Mclellan, Argyll and Sutherland.

Second-Lieut. E. N. M. Martin, Lancashire.
Second-Lieut. H. G. Marchant, Bedford.
Lieut. G. E. Mullis, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. W. T. Roan, Durham L. I.
Second-Lieut. W. G. Russell, Durham L. I.
Second-Lieut. A. Wallace, Scots Fusiliers.
Lieut. J. F. Wilson, Engineers.

Second-Lieut. T. P. Wilson, Bedford.
**PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED
NOW REPORTED KILLED.**

Second-Lieut. C. W. Richards, Liverpool.
**PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW
REPORTED KILLED.**

Second-Lieut. J. H. Baker, York and Lancashire.
Second-Lieut. E. Stephenson, York and Lancashire.
Second-Lieut. A. C. White, York and Lancashire.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Major G. B. Oliver, Artillery.
Captain M. G. Soames, Artillery.
Captain W. B. Surtees, West Yorkshires.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut. T. E. Adams, Bedford.
Second-Lieut. H. G. Amers, Yeomanry.
Lieut. B. H. Austin, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. A. A. Barry, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut. C. A. Bean, Liverpool.
Second-Lieut. F. Beck, Engineers.
Lieut. G. Bissett, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. G. Brook, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut. A. E. Brown, Somerset L. I.
Second-Lieut. L. G. Brown, London.
Second-Lieut. R. E. Bryan, Durham L. I.
Second-Lieut. W. H. Bucknall, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut. F. H. W. Carnell, West Yorkshires.

Captain C. Cartwright, York and Lancashire.

Second-Lieut. W. Charlesworth, Sherwoods.

Lieut. J. T. Colbert, Yorkshires.

Second-Lieut. C. Cooper, Kents.

Second-Lieut. E. J. Curry, West Yorkshires.

Lieut. T. M. Crawford, Medicals.

Major J. Crookenden, East Kents.

Lieut. E. Darling, Artillery.

Lieut. G. A. Davies, Border Regiment.

Lieut. G. J. Davies, Artillery.

Second-Lieut. W. S. H. Davis, Sherwoods.

Second-Lieut. F. Dixon-Nuttall, Engineers.

Second-Lieut. H. V. D. Dyson, West Kents.

Second-Lieut. F. J. Fendall, West Surrey.

Second-Lieut. A. W. B. Fenn, West Ridings.

Major V. M. Fitzhugh, Sussex.

Second-Lieut. D. Fleck, Irish Rifles.

Lieut. E. C. Flinn, South Stafford.

Second-Lieut. C. Moutier, Bedford.

Second-Lieut. J. Frost, Durham L. I.

Second-Lieut. A. G. Gadd, West Surrey.

Captain O. Gaunt, Artillery.

Second-Lieut. E. C. Gilbert, Liverpool.

Major W. J. Godson, Machine Gun Corps.

Captain H. C. Gordon, Inniskillings.

Second-Lieut. W. Gray, East Lancashire.

Major E. B. G. Grege-Hopwood, Coldstream.

Second-Lieut. L. G. Gurney, Yorkshire.

Lieut. E. L. Gust-Williams, Durham L. I.

Second-Lieut. G. W. Hall, York and Lancashire.

Second-Lieut. C. C. Hammond, West Surrey.

Second-Lieut. W. Haythornthwaite, South Lancashire.

Lieut. D. Higgins, London.

Second-Lieut. L. W. Johnson, York and Lancashire.

Second-Lieut. W. Kay, Manchester.

Lieut. G. P. B. Lailey, Cornwall, L. I.

Second-Lieut. F. E. L. Lyle, West Surrey.

Second-Lieut. N. K. McLean, Yorkshires.

Second-Lieut. S. C. Malone, Bedford.

Captain C. B. May, Border Regiment.

Second-Lieut. P. E. Miller, York and Lancashire.

Lieut. Col. E. Montague-Brown, Munsters.

Lieut. G. W. Morley, Bedford.

Second-Lieut. B. E. Moyse, Bedford.

Second-Lieut. J. A. Murdock, Artillery.

Lieut. V. G. Nare, Ridings.

Second-Lieut. H. A. Pattinson, East Surrey.

Second-Lieut. B. Palmer, Liverpool.

Captain A. E. Percival, Bedford.

Second-Lieut. E. G. Pernet, Bedford.

Lieut. G. S. R. Rogers, Dorset.

Lieut. A. T. M. Poore, Irish Rifles.

Second-Lieut. G. C. Pratt, West Yorkshires.

Second-Lieut. H. A. Price, Middlesex.

Second-Lieut. H. A. Reaney, Bedford.

Second-Lieut. P. Rennie, Border Regiment.

Second-Lieut. L. Roberts, Liverpool.

Second-Lieut. C. P. V. Roche, Flying Corps.

Lieut. V. G. W. Rogers, Royal Fusiliers.

Second-Lieut. M. V. Rose, Artillery.

Second-Lieut. G. E. Russell, Durham L. I.

Second-Lieut. H. A. Sale, North Stafford.

Lieut. T. H. Searls, South Stafford.

Lieut. G. H. Small, Artillery.

Second-Lieut. K. E. J. Smith, Liverpool.

Second-Lieut. I. P. C. Stevens, Border Regiment.

Second-Lieut. J. J. C. Stevens, South Stafford.

Captain W. C. Stewart, Medicals.
Second-Lieut. H. D. Thatcher, West Surrey.
Second-Lieut. H. T. Tipton, London.
Major W. B. Warren, Artillery.
Lieut. Col. L. L. Wheatley, Argyll and Sutherland.
Captain F. G. Worlock, London.
Second-Lieut. J. T. Wortherspoon, Scots Fusiliers.

Second-Lieut. C. G. Wrensch, Artillery.
Captain J. M. Younger, Coldstream.

MISSING.

Captain E. H. Davies, Lancashire Fusiliers.

Lieut. E. E. Lansdale, Service Corps.

Second-Lieut. H. W. Potter, Lancashire Fusiliers.

Second-Lieut. S. Rowson, Lancashire Fusiliers.

Second-Lieut. T. A. F. Slater, Dorset.

Second-Lieut. C. F. Umney, Dorset.

Second-Lieut. A. N. F. de E. Wheeler, Dorset.

INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

EXAMINATION RESULT.

Though the examinations for Class 1 clerkships are suspended, the usual competition for the Indian Civil Service and Eastern cadetships was held in August, the number of vacancies, however, being very few as compared with pre-war days. The following are declared by the Civil Service Commissioners to have obtained the first seven places. The letters I. C. show the service (Indian or Colonial) for which the candidates entered their names. The selection of every candidate is conditional on his passing a medical examination, which will be held in London in the course of a few days.

James Greig Shearer (I. C.), *Chandulal Madhavlal Trivedi (I. C.), Subrahmanya Ranganathan (I. C.), Claude Bertram de Kretser (I. C.), Bertie Munro Staig (I. C.), Donald MacPherson (I. C.), William Linahan (I. C.).

The following stand next in order of merit:-George Tucker (I. C.), *Shrimukh Rao Laxmilal Mohita (I. C.), Chhotalal Khushal Das (I. C.), *Jnanankumar De (I. C.), Timothy Stanislaus Broderick (I. C.).
*Not eligible for a cadetship in Hongkong, Straits Settlements, or Federated Malay States.

News has been received of death at the front of Mr. North, Indian Telegraphs and of 2nd-Lieut. James Donald, I.A.R.O. attached to 2nd Sappers and Miners at Quetta.

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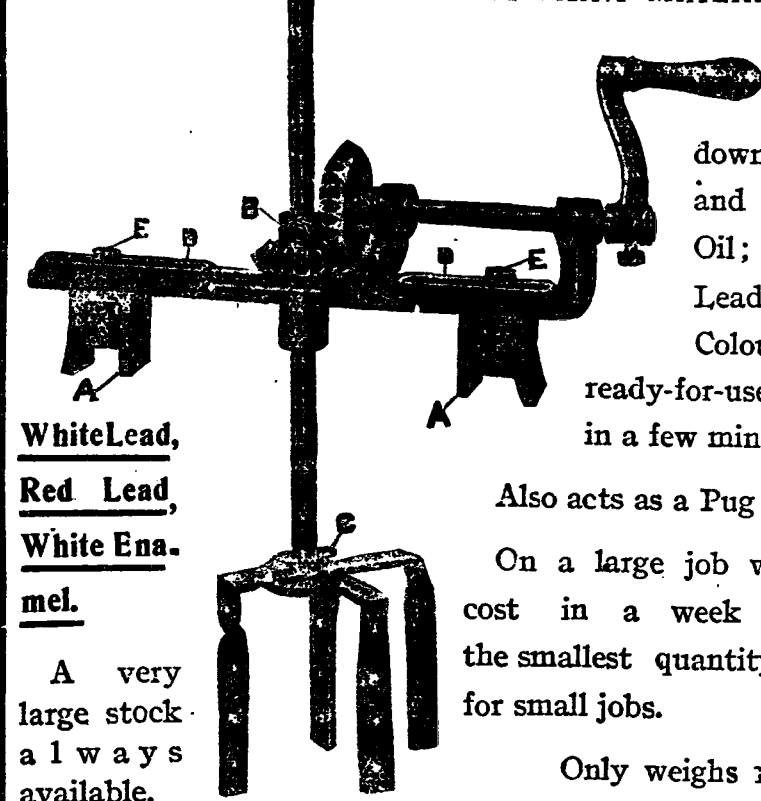
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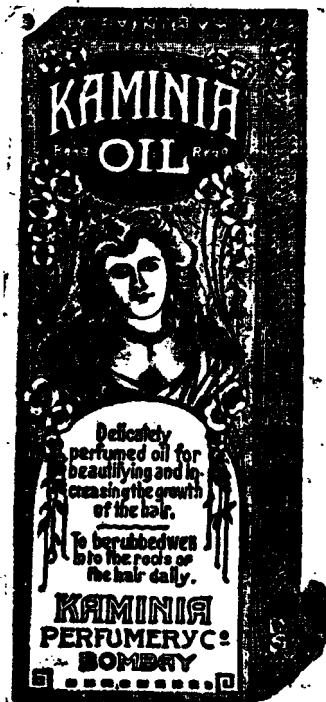
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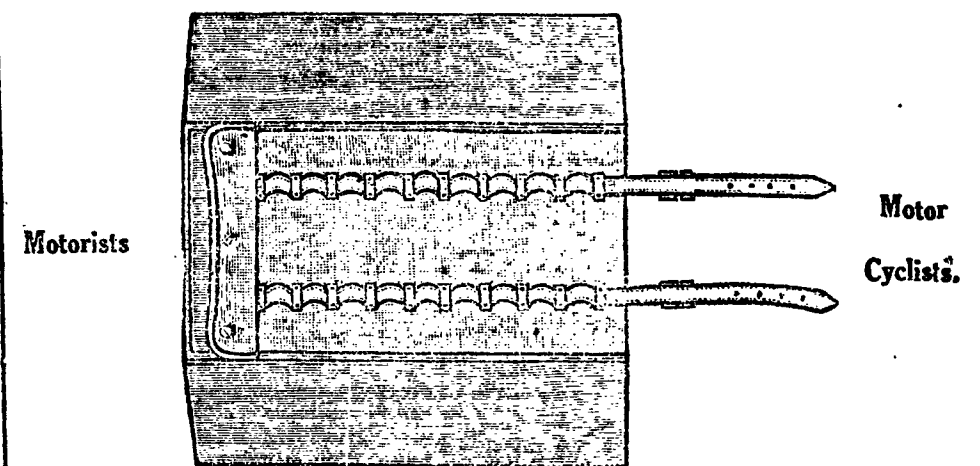
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